



Aspect-oriented Refactoring of a J2EE Framework for Security and Validation Concerns

CS 586

Aspect-Oriented Software Development Project

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Outline

- Introduction
- Problem Statement
- Requirements Analysis
- Identifying Aspects
- Spring AOP
- Aspect-Oriented Program in Spring AOP
- JBoss Implementation
- Conclusions & Future Work

Introduction

- A software system – asset of modules
- A lot of concerns can not be implemented by module hierarchy
- Concerns crosscut the module hierarchy
 - Scattering
 - Tangling
- Decreased extensibility and maintainability, increased complexity

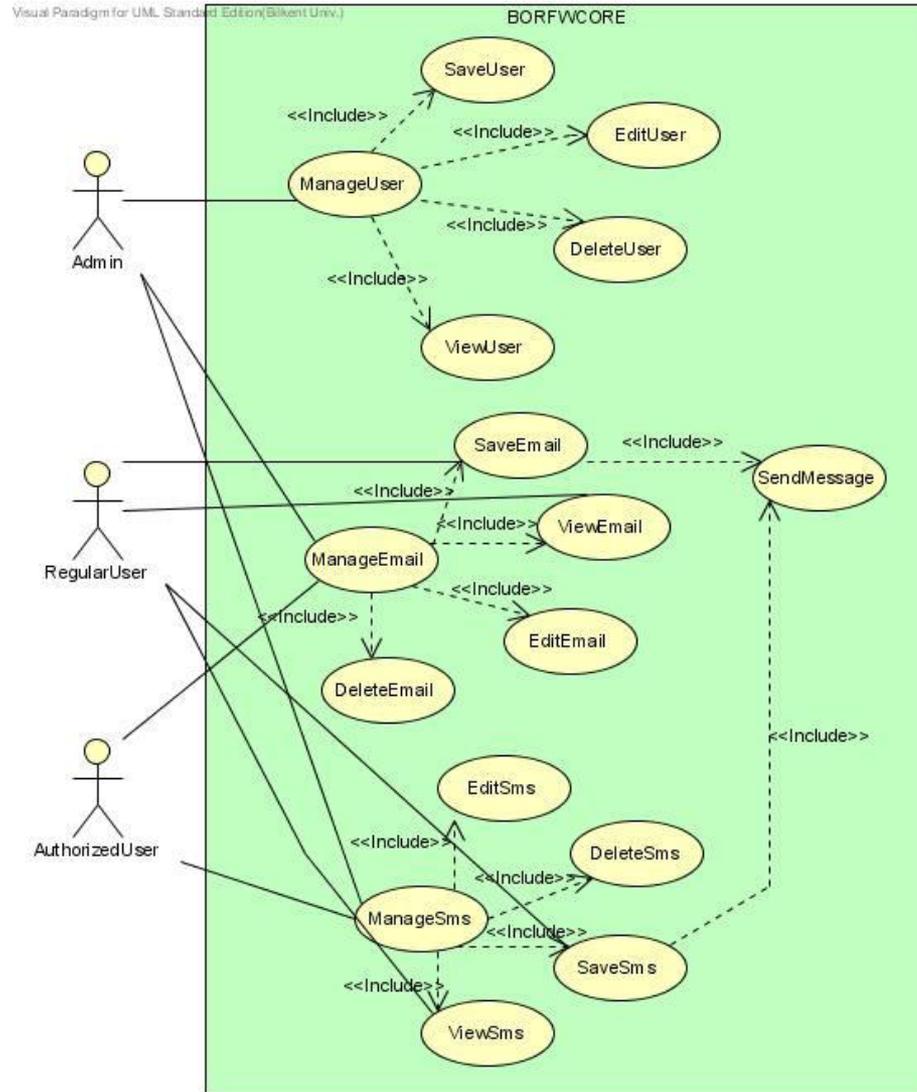
Bor Yazılım

- Bor Soft is a software innovation company focusing on mobile and Web 2.0 software solutions
- Bor Soft has a robust mobile application framework, and a suite of mobile applications
 - Provides customer specific mobile software solutions
- Bor Soft develops Web 2.0 applications and customer-centered Web solutions

BORFWCORE

- A mobile application development framework
- Uses Struts, Spring, JSF and Hibernate libraries
- Various mobile applications had been developed by Bor Yazilim using this framework
- We use a small example application to show aspect implementation

Example Application



Example Application

VERKATA

Home | Sms | Email | Mobile

Verkata Core Spring Framework

User Name:

Password :

Integrated Packages

- Spring 2.0
- Hibernate 3.0
- Sitemesh
- Velocity Templaing Engine
- DWR (Direct Web Remoting)
- AJAX (Prototype/Scriptaculous)

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VERKATA

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To Name:

To Number*:

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Subject:

Message:

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Required Extensions

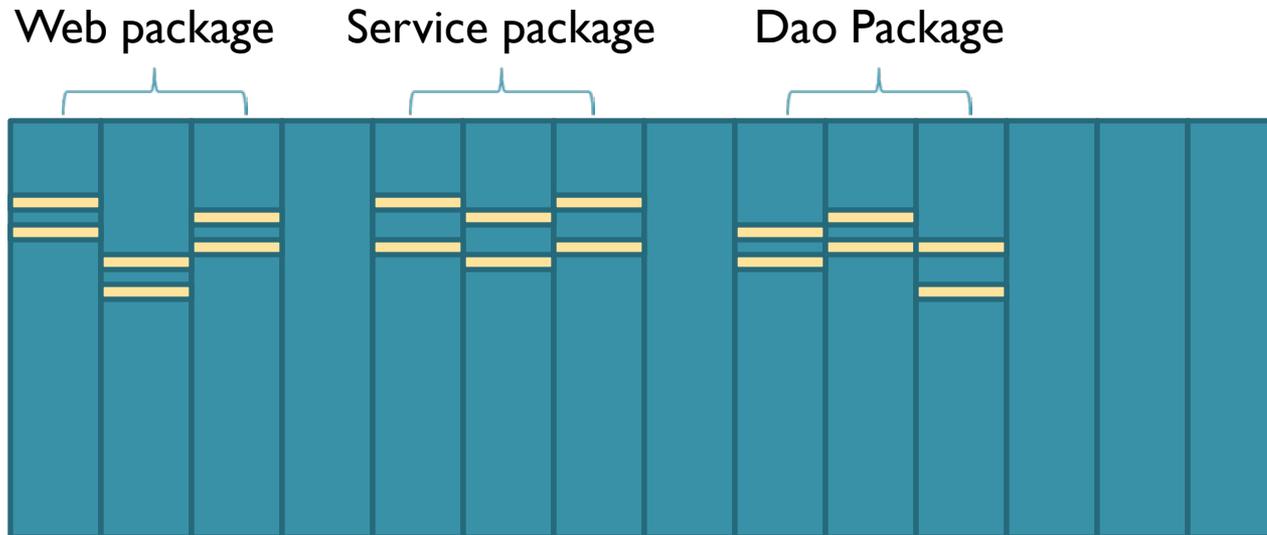
- **Validation**
 - Check user input format
- **Authentication (Security)**
 - Check whether user is logged in
- **Authorization (Security)**
 - Check whether user is authorized
- **Access Control (Security)**
 - Check whether user has rights to access data

Validation Aspect

- Web applications collect data from users
- Validation is in every class and method which takes user input
- This results in scattering

```
if( sms.getFromNumber().length == 0 ||  
    sms.getToNumber().length == 0 )  
    {...}  
Pattern p = Pattern.compile("\\d{11}");  
Matcher m = p.matcher(sms.getToNumber());  
Boolean matchFound1 = m.matches();  
m = p.matcher(sms.getFromNumber());  
Boolean matchFound2 = m.matches();  
if( !matchFound1 || !matchFound2 ) {...}
```

Validation Aspect



Authentication Aspect

- Authentication - verify that someone is who they claim they are
- In the example application:
 - User cannot perform any system activity without logging in
- Check this before all method calls
- This causes scattering code

Authorization Aspect

- Authorization - finding out if a user is permitted to do something
- In the application:
 - Authentication is the precondition of authorization
- Check whether user is authorized to perform specific operations before calling these methods
 - Edit, delete, etc.

Access Control Aspect

- Access control - authenticated users access only what they should, nothing more
- In our example application
 - Only admin can see all saved messages and users in the system
 - Other authenticated users should see their own sms messages and email messages
- Check whether user is admin before each related method execution

Spring AOP

- A framework based approach
- Implemented in pure Java, no new language
- Suitable for use in a J2EE web container or application server
- Supports only method execution join points
- The aim is not to provide the most complete AOP implementation but rather to provide a close integration between AOP implementation and Spring IoC

Aspect-Oriented Program in Spring AOP

- We used schema support of Spring AOP
- An aspect is simply a regular Java object defined as a bean in the Spring application context
- The pointcut and advice information are captured in XML



DEMO

JBoss Implementation

- JBoss AOP is a 100% pure java aspect-oriented framework
 - Aspects and advice code blocks are written in regular Java
- Pointcut definitions are put into XML file
- Weaving is dynamic and performed at run time
- Can define method execution, constructor execution, field (get, set), and method call types of pointcuts

Discussions

- An aspect-oriented approach helped us to resolve the crosscutting concerns in the framework
- Development of applications - easier
- Application development effort - reduces dramatically
- Spring AOP is quite easy for implementing aspects on a Spring framework
- When compared to AspectJ, expressiveness of Spring AOP is low

Conclusions & Future Work

- Framework: BORFWCORE
 - Helps to reduce the application development effort
 - Results in code scattering and tangling for some concerns
- Aspect-oriented implementation of crosscutting concerns makes valuable contribution
 - Eliminating code scattering and tangling
 - Increasing the degree of reusability of the framework
 - Reducing application development effort
- Future work: consider a larger case study

Acknowledgements

- We would like to thank to Özer Aydemir in Bor Yazılım for providing BORFWCORE framework to us and explaining the problems they face without an aspect-oriented implementation.
- We also thank to Asst. Prof. Dr. Bedir Tekinerdoğan for consulting us during our project and organizing the 4th Turkish Aspect Oriented Software Development Workshop.

Thanks for Listening



**Questions & Comments are
Welcome**