Parallelization of C³M

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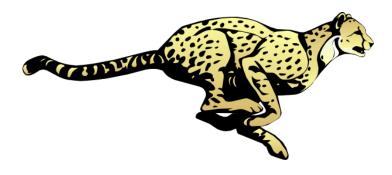
Problem Description

- Cover-Coefficient-based Clustering Methodology[1]
 - Effective
 - •Efficient?



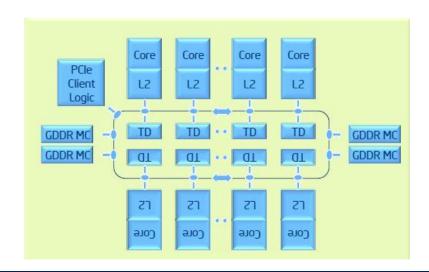
Motivation

- Moore's Law [2]
 - Smaller but many core
 - Need parallelism



Motivation

- Intel Xeon Phi [3]
 - •Many Integrated Core (MIC) Architecture
 - •60 Cores @ 1.053 GHz with 512 KB L2 cache
 - Ring interconnect
 - •4 hardware threads per core
 - •1 Teraflop/s performance





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Methodology

- Implement of C³M
- Determine parallelizable sections
- Native vs Offload
 - Small cores
 - I/O
- OpenMP[4]
 - Pragamas and Directives



Expected Results

Speed up



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Questions and Answers



References

- [1] F. Can and E. A. Ozkarahan. Concepts and effectiveness of the cover-coecient-based clustering methodology for text databases. ACM Transactions on Database Systems (TODS), 15(4):483-517, 1990.
- [2] Schaller, Robert R. "Moore's law: past, present and future." *Spectrum, IEEE*34.6 (1997): 52-59.
- [3] Intel Xeon Phi Coprocessor the Architecture. https://software.intel.com/en-us/articles/intel-xeon-phi-coprocessor-codename-knights-corner. Accessed: 2015-03-20.
- [4] L. Dagum and R. Menon. Openmp: an industry standard api for shared-memory programming. Computational Science & Engineering, IEEE, 5(1):46{55, 1998.