

Conjoint Analysis: What is the best laptop design?

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Preference of one subject

```
train_hande_df <- read_csv("laptops-hande.csv") %>%
  mutate_if(is.character, factor)

## Rows: 16 Columns: 9
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (7): Brand, Processor, Speed, Memory, HardDisk, Screen, Price
## dbl (2): Alternative, RANK
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
test_hande_df <- read_csv("laptops-hepsiburada-hande.csv", comment = "#") %>%
  mutate_if(is.character, factor)

## Rows: 6 Columns: 9
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (7): Brand, Processor, Speed, Memory, HardDisk, Screen, Price
## dbl (2): Alternative, RANK
```

```
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
summary(train_hande_df)
```

```
##      Alternative      Brand      Processor      Speed      Memory      HardDisk
## Min.   : 1.00  Casper :4   Intel Core i5:8   1.8 GHz:4   4 GB:8   500 GB:8
## 1st Qu.: 4.75  HP      :4   Intel Core i7:8   2.2 GHz:4   8 GB:8   750 GB:8
## Median : 8.50  Sony   :4           2.4 GHz:4
## Mean   : 8.50  Toshiba:4          2.6 GHz:4
## 3rd Qu.:12.25
## Max.   :16.00
##      Screen      Price      RANK
## 15.6 in:8  1500 TL:4   Min.   : 1.00
## 17.3 in:8  1700 TL:4   1st Qu.: 4.75
##           2000 TL:4   Median : 8.50
##           3500 TL:4   Mean    : 8.50
##           3rd Qu.:12.25
##           Max.    :16.00
```

```
train_hande_df %>%
  arrange(RANK)
```

```
## # A tibble: 16 x 9
##      Alternative Brand      Processor      Speed      Memory HardDisk Screen      Price      RANK
##      <dbl> <fct>    <fct>    <fct>    <fct>    <fct>    <fct>    <fct>    <dbl>
## 1         2 Sony      Intel Core i5 2.4 GHz 8 GB 750 GB 17.3 in 1500~      1
## 2        12 Toshiba Intel Core i5 2.2 GHz 8 GB 750 GB 15.6 in 1700~      2
## 3         8 HP        Intel Core i5 2.6 GHz 8 GB 750 GB 15.6 in 2000~      3
## 4        16 HP        Intel Core i7 2.4 GHz 8 GB 500 GB 17.3 in 1700~      4
## 5        14 Casper Intel Core i7 2.2 GHz 8 GB 500 GB 15.6 in 1500~      5
## 6         3 Casper Intel Core i5 2.6 GHz 4 GB 500 GB 17.3 in 1700~      6
## 7        13 Toshiba Intel Core i7 1.8 GHz 8 GB 500 GB 17.3 in 2000~      7
## 8         1 HP        Intel Core i5 1.8 GHz 4 GB 500 GB 15.6 in 1500~      8
## 9        10 Toshiba Intel Core i7 2.6 GHz 4 GB 750 GB 17.3 in 1500~      9
## 10         5 Sony      Intel Core i5 2.2 GHz 4 GB 500 GB 17.3 in 2000~     10
## 11         6 Sony      Intel Core i7 1.8 GHz 4 GB 750 GB 15.6 in 1700~     11
## 12         7 Casper Intel Core i7 2.4 GHz 4 GB 750 GB 15.6 in 2000~     12
## 13         4 Sony      Intel Core i7 2.6 GHz 8 GB 500 GB 15.6 in 3500~     13
## 14         9 HP        Intel Core i7 2.2 GHz 4 GB 750 GB 17.3 in 3500~     14
## 15        15 Toshiba Intel Core i5 2.4 GHz 4 GB 500 GB 15.6 in 3500~     15
## 16        11 Casper Intel Core i5 1.8 GHz 8 GB 750 GB 17.3 in 3500~     16
```

```
options("contrasts")
```

```
## $contrasts
##      unordered      ordered
## "contr.treatment" "contr.poly"
```

```
options(contrasts = c("contr.sum", "contr.poly"))
```

Estimate Hande's part worth and importance scores

```

coef_df <- lm(-RANK ~ ., select(train_hande_df, - Alternative)) %>%
  summary() %>%
  coef() %>%
  as_tibble(rownames = "Part") %>%
  select(Part, Estimate) %>%
  filter(Part != "(Intercept)") %>%
  rename(Worth = Estimate)

parts_df <- coef_df %>%
  mutate(ID = as.numeric(str_extract(Part, "\\d+")),
         Part = str_extract(Part, "\\D*")) %>%
  nest(data=Part) %>%
  mutate(data2 = map(data, ~rbind(.x, tibble(Worth = -sum(.x$Worth),
                                             ID = max(.x$ID + 1))))) %>%
  select(-data) %>%
  unnest(data2) %>%
  mutate(PartLevel = map2_chr(Part, ID, ~levels(train_hande_df[[.x]][.y]))) %>%
  group_by(Part) %>%
  mutate(Importance = diff(range(Worth)))

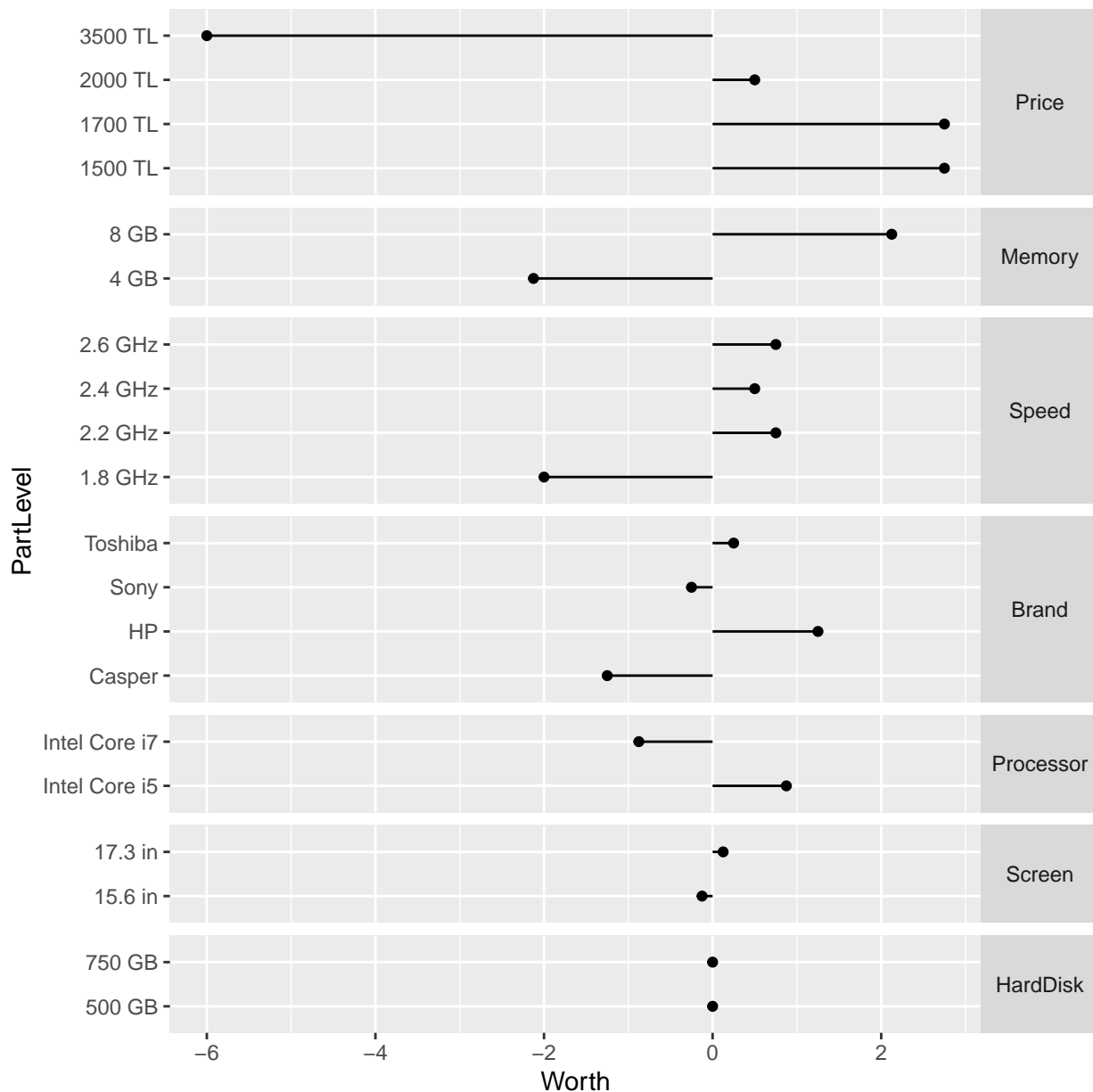
```

Plot Hande's part worth and importance scores

```

parts_df %>%
  ggplot(aes(PartLevel, Worth)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_linerange(aes(ymin=0, ymax = Worth)) +
  coord_flip() +
  facet_grid(reorder(Part, -Importance) ~ ., space="free", scale="free") +
  theme(strip.text.y = element_text(angle=0))

```



Estimate market participant part worths and and importance scores

Now repeat the same analysis for all subjects who filled up the questionnaire.

```
# d2 <- read_csv("conjoint/all/laptops train survey results-all.csv") %>%
train_df <- read_excel("laptops train survey results-all-coded.xlsx") %>%
  mutate_if(is.character, factor) %>%
  mutate(id = as.character(id),
         Alternative = factor(Alternative, level = levels(Alternative)[order(parse_number(levels(Alternative)))]),
         Price = factor(Price, level = levels(Price)[order(parse_number(levels(Price)))])
train_df %>% summary()
```

```
##      id      Alternative      Brand      Processor
## Length:2960      1      : 185 Casper :740 Intel Core i5:1480
## Class :character      2      : 185 HP      :740 Intel Core i7:1480
## Mode :character      3      : 185 Sony      :740
##      4      : 185 Toshiba:740
##      5      : 185
##      6      : 185
##      (Other):1850
##      Speed      Memory      HardDisk      Screen      Price
## 1.8 GHz:740 16 GB:1480 1.000 GB:1480 15.6 in:1480 6.000 TL :740
## 2.2 GHz:740 8 GB :1480 750 GB :1480 17.3 in:1480 7.000 TL :740
## 2.4 GHz:740      8.500 TL :740
## 2.6 GHz:740      10.000 TL:740
##
##
##      RANK
## Min.      : 1.000
## 1st Qu.: 4.000
## Median : 8.000
## Mean      : 8.491
## 3rd Qu.:12.000
## Max.      :16.000
##
```

```
test_df <- read_excel("laptops test survey results-all-coded.xlsx") %>%
  mutate_if(is.character, factor)
```

```
test_df %>% summary()
```

```
##      id      Alternative      Brand      Processor      Speed
## y14s208s001: 6 1:185 Casper :370 Intel Core i5:740 1.8 GHz:370
## y14s209s001: 6 2:185 HP      :185 Intel Core i7:370 2.2 GHz:185
## y14s209s002: 6 3:185 Sony      :185 2.4 GHz:370
## y14s209s003: 6 4:185 Toshiba:370 2.6 GHz:185
## y14s209s005: 6 5:185
## y14s209s006: 6 6:185
## (Other)      :1074
##      Memory      HardDisk      Screen      Price      RANK
## 16 GB:370 1.000 GB:555 15.6 in:925 10.000 TL:185 Min.      :1.0
## 8 GB :740 750 GB :555 17.3 in:185 6.000 TL :370 1st Qu.:2.0
##      7.000 TL :370 Median :3.5
##      8.500 TL :185 Mean      :3.5
##      3rd Qu.:5.0
##      Max.      :6.0
##
```

```
market_df <- train_df %>%
  nest(train_data = -id) %>%
  mutate(
    # learn individual preferences of each respondent / subject
    model = map2(train_data, id, ~{
      # cat ("ID=", .y, "\n")
      d <- .x
      lm(-RANK ~ ., select(d, - Alternative))
    })
  )
```

```

    }),
    cat("model      : ranks are learned with multiple regression.\n"),

    # compile the part worths
    pworth = pmap(list(model, train_data, id), ~{
      # cat ("ID=", ..3, "\n")
      d <- ..2
      linmod <- ..1

      coef_df <- linmod %>%
        summary() %>%
        coef() %>%
        as_tibble(rownames = "Part") %>%
        select(Part, Estimate) %>%
        filter(Part != "(Intercept)") %>%
        rename(Worth = Estimate)

      parts_df <- coef_df %>%
        mutate(ID = as.numeric(str_extract(Part, "\\d+")),
               Part = str_extract(Part, "\\D*")) %>%
        nest(data=Part) %>%
        mutate(data2 = map(data, ~rbind(.x, tibble(Worth = -sum(.x$Worth),
                                                    ID = max(.x$ID + 1))))) %>%

        select(-data) %>%
        unnest(data2) %>%
        mutate(PartLevel = map2_chr(Part, ID, ~levels(d[[.x]] [.y]))) %>%
        group_by(Part) %>%
        mutate(Importance = diff(range(Worth)),
               # below we pad from left numerical Part levels in order
               # to maintain the numerical order of levels in partworth plots
               # stored in pwplot.
               PartLevel = if (any(str_detect(PartLevel, "\\d"))) {
                 str_pad(PartLevel, width = max(str_length(PartLevel)))
               } else {
                 PartLevel
               }
               ) %>%
        ungroup()
      parts_df
    }),
    cat("pworth      : part worth scores are calculated.\n"),

    # extract importance scores
    importance = map2(pworth, id, ~{
      # cat ("ID=", .y, "\n")
      .x %>%
        distinct(Part, Importance) %>%
        mutate(Importance = 100*Importance/sum(Importance))
    }),
    cat("importance: part importance scores are calculated.\n"),

    # visualize the part worths
    pwplot = map2(pworth, id, ~{

```

```

# cat ("ID=", .y, "\n")
parts_df <- .x

parts_df %>%
  ggplot(aes(PartLevel, Worth)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_linerange(aes(ymin=0, ymax = Worth)) +
  coord_flip() +
  facet_grid(reorder(Part, -Importance) ~ ., space="free", scale="free") +
  theme(strip.text.y = element_text(angle=0)) +
  labs(title = .y)

}),
cat("pwplot      : part worth plots are ready.\n"),
) %>%

# append test data
left_join(nest(test_df, test_data = -id), by = "id") %>%
mutate(
  # rank predictions on test
  test_pred = pmap(list(model, test_data, id), ~{
    # cat(..3, " ")
    pred <- ..1 %>%
      predict(newdata=..2) %>%
      `*` (-1)
    rank <- pred %>%
      rank(ties.method = "first")

    ..2 %>%
      select(Alternative, RANK) %>%
      mutate(PREDraw = pred, PREDrank = rank)
  }),
  cat("test_pred : rankings on test data are predicted.\n")
)

```

```

## model      : ranks are learned with multiple regression.
## pworth     : part worth scores are calculated.
## importance: part importance scores are calculated.
## pwplot     : part worth plots are ready.
## test_pred  : rankings on test data are predicted.

```

```

# test_observed_pred = map2(test_data, test_pred, ~ {
#   .x %>%
#     select(Alternative, RANK) %>%
#     mutate(PRED = .y)
#   }),
# cat("test_opred: observed and predicted rankings are combined.\n"),
# )

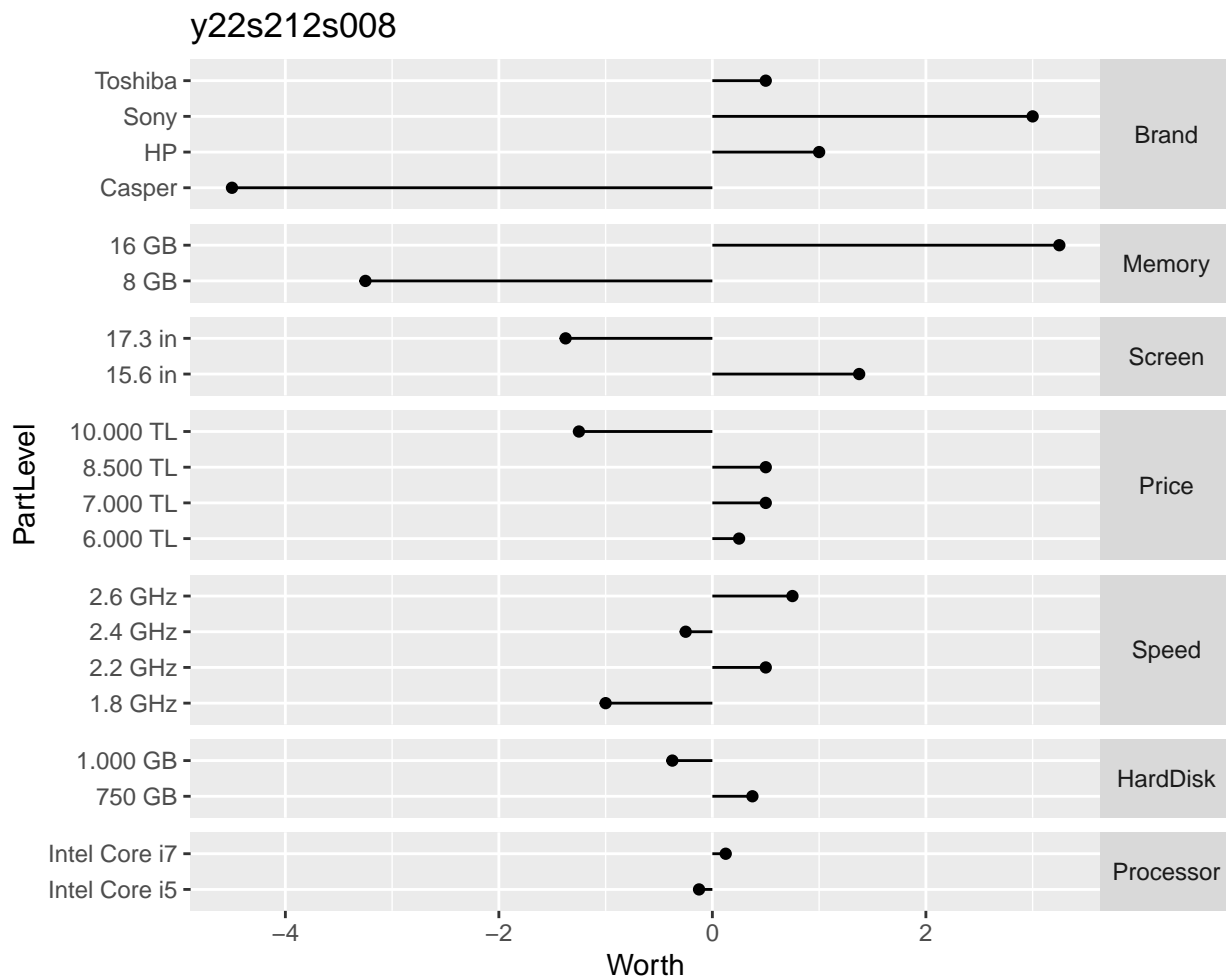
```

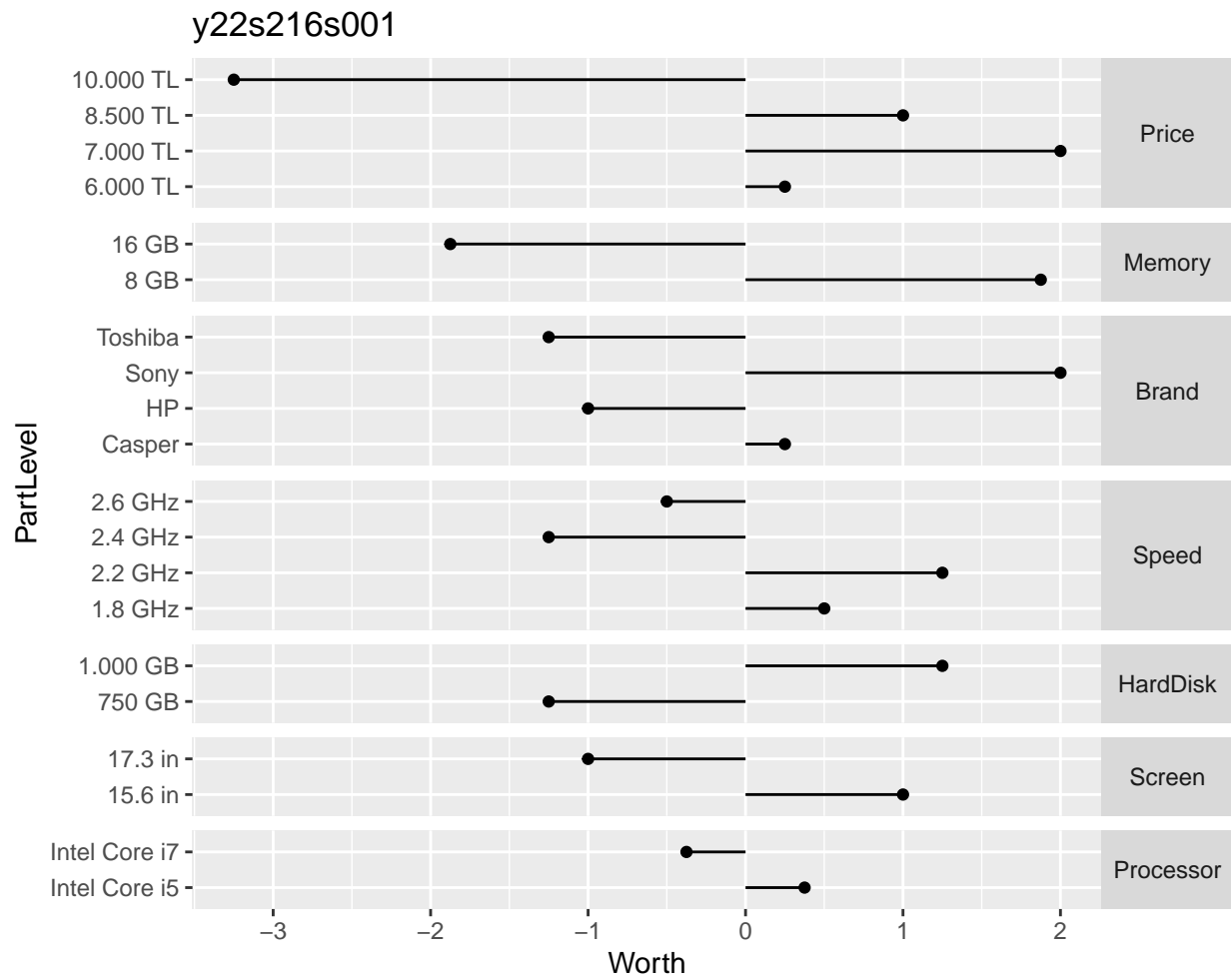
Plot a few market participant part worths and and importance scores

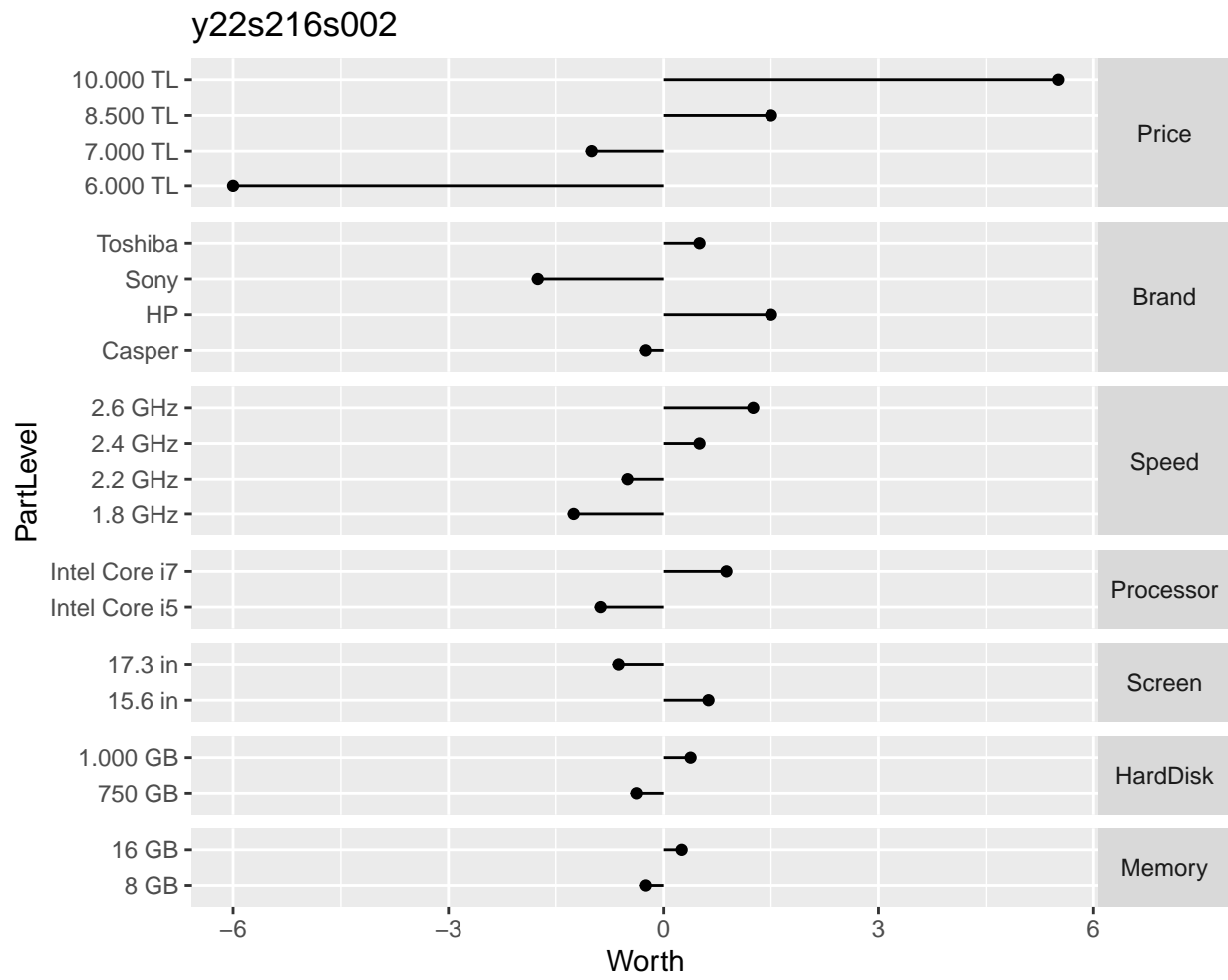
Show a few part worth plots

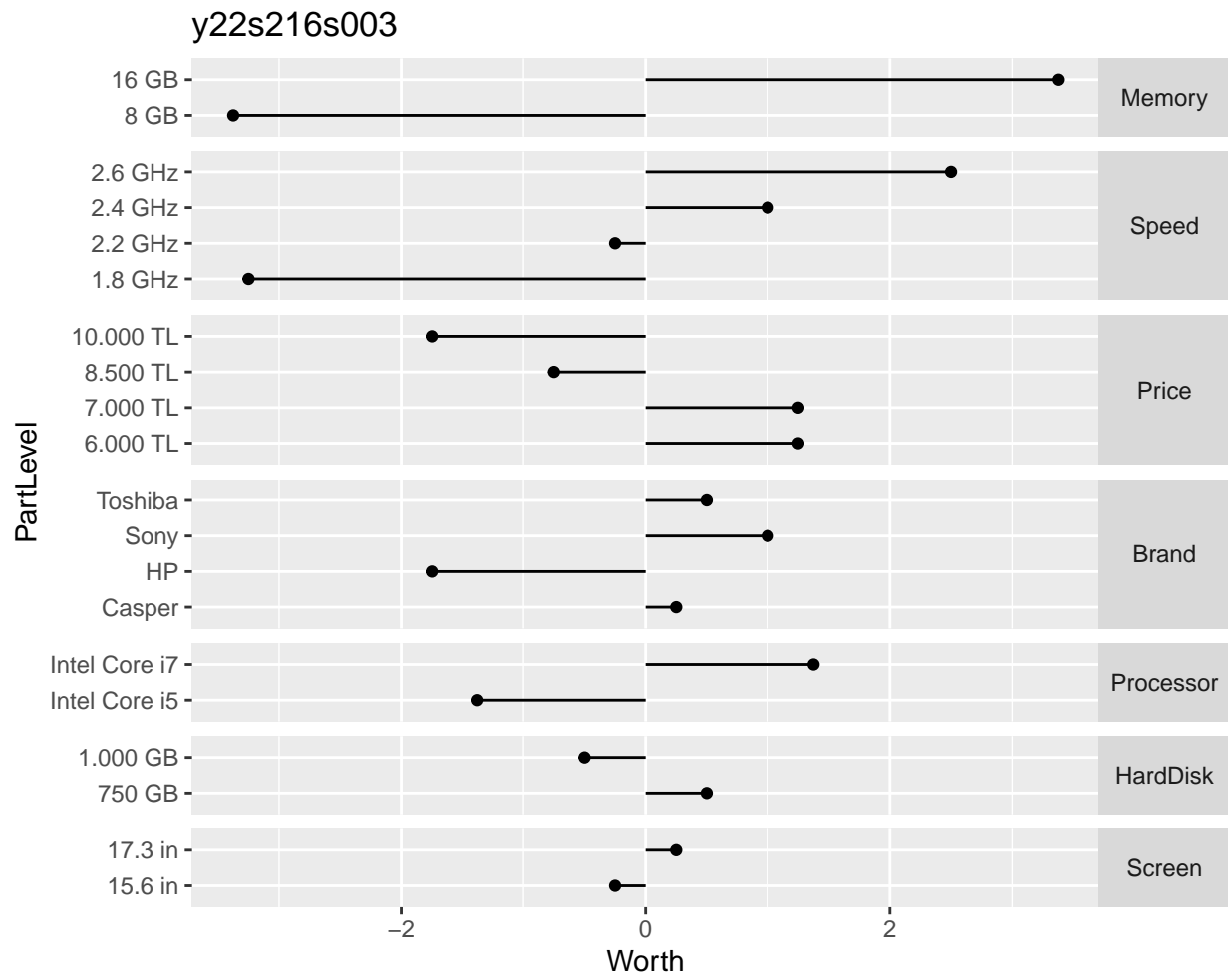
```
# for (i in 1:10) plot(market_df$pwplot[[i]])
```

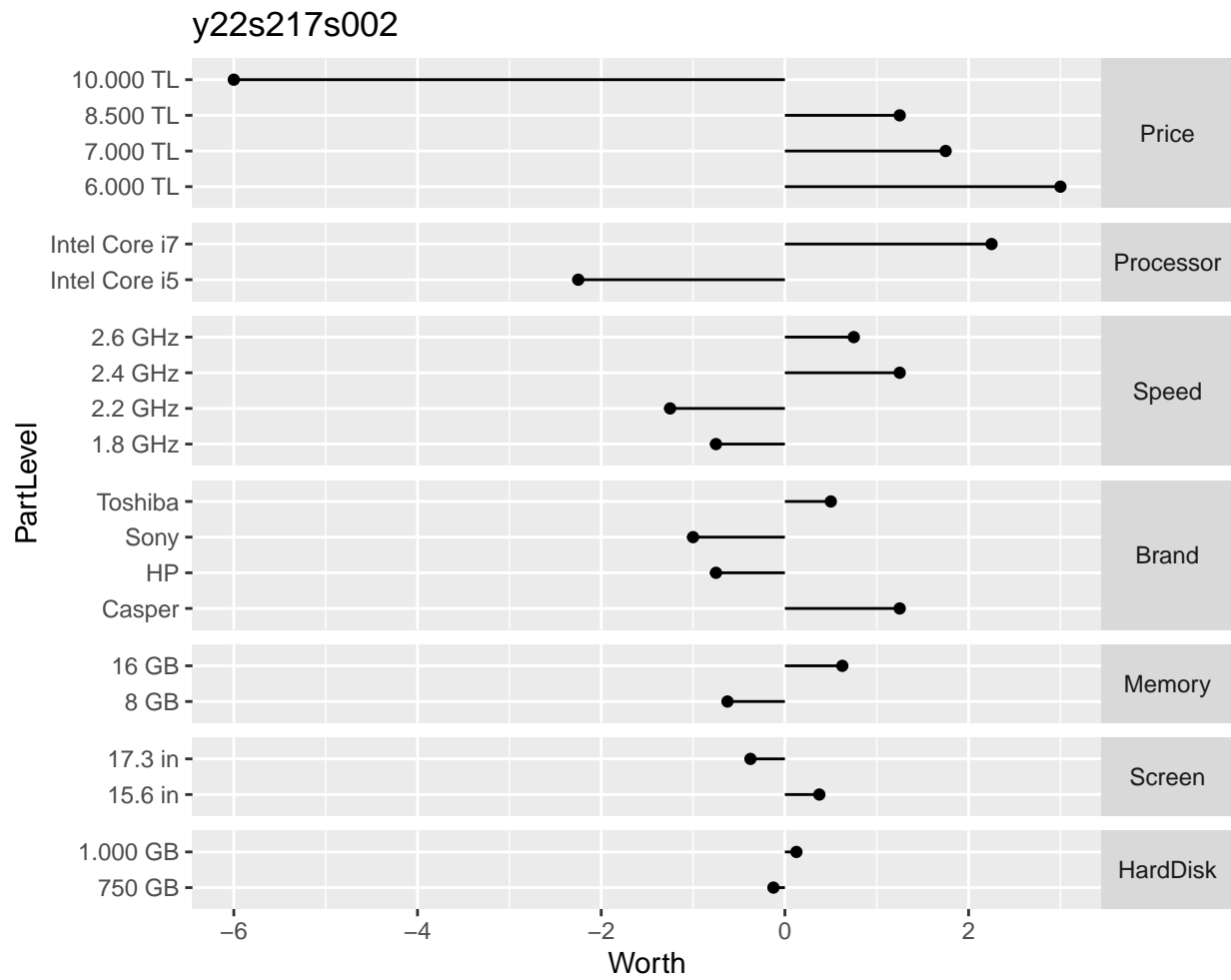
```
market_df %>%
  filter(str_detect(id, "y22")) %>%
  pull(pwplot) %>%
  walk(plot)
```

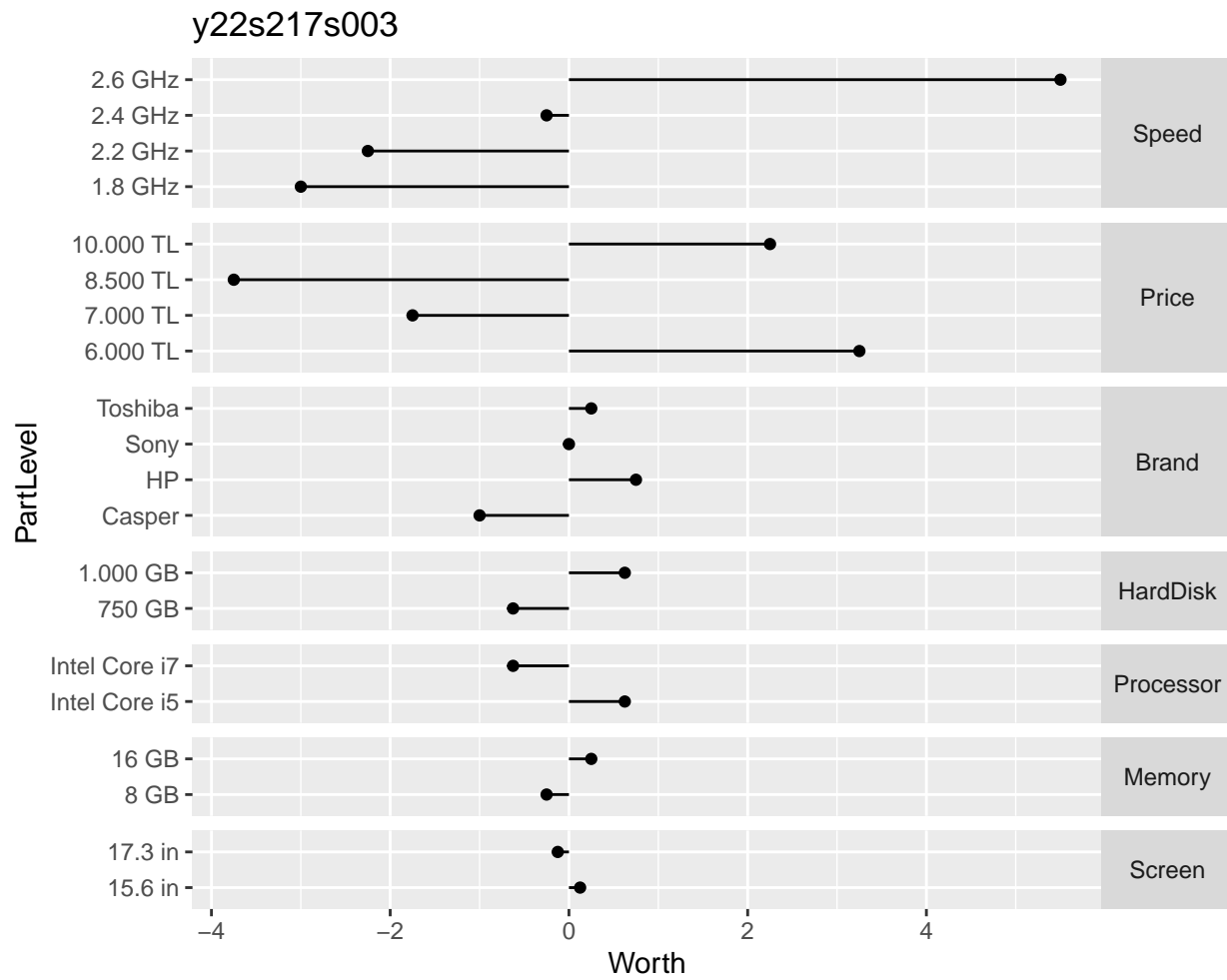




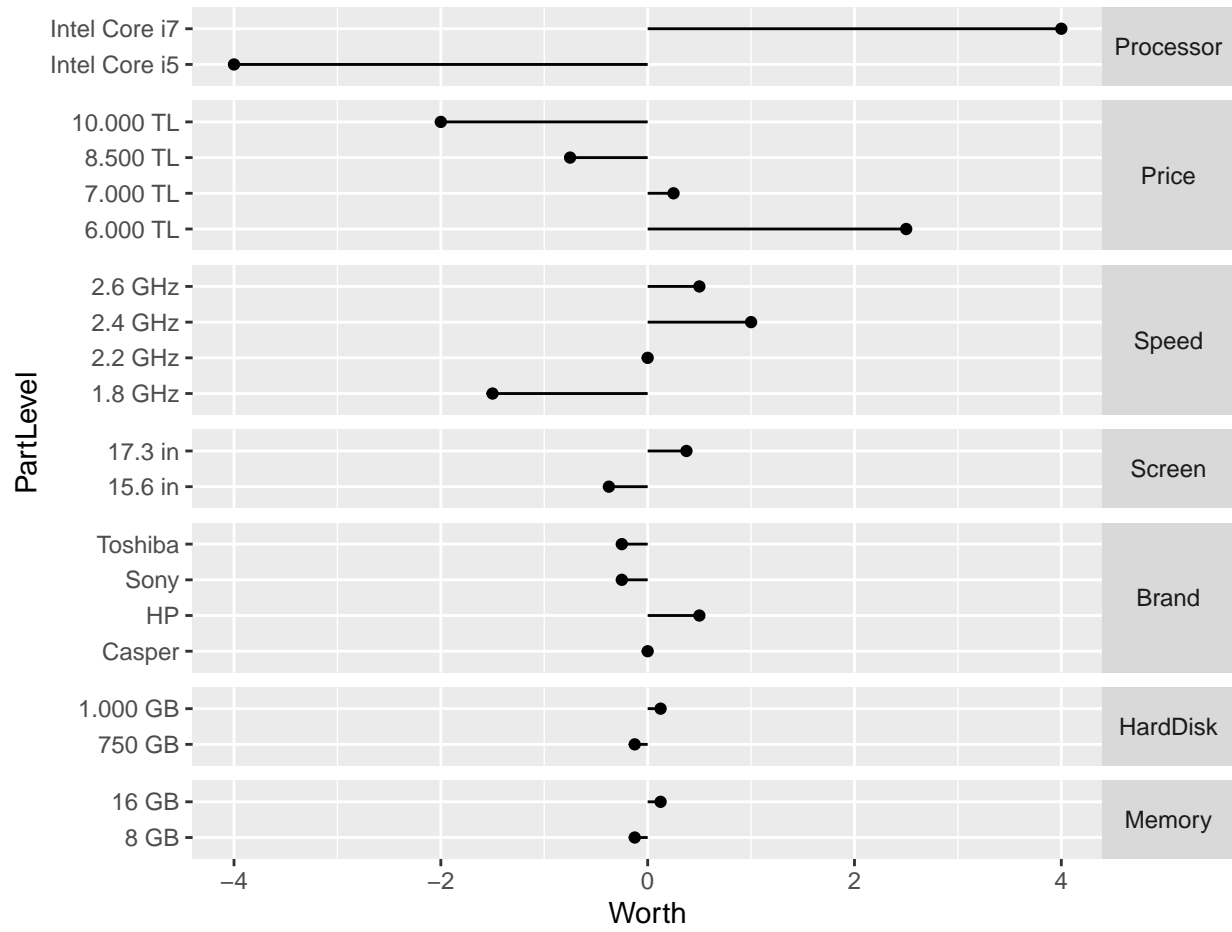




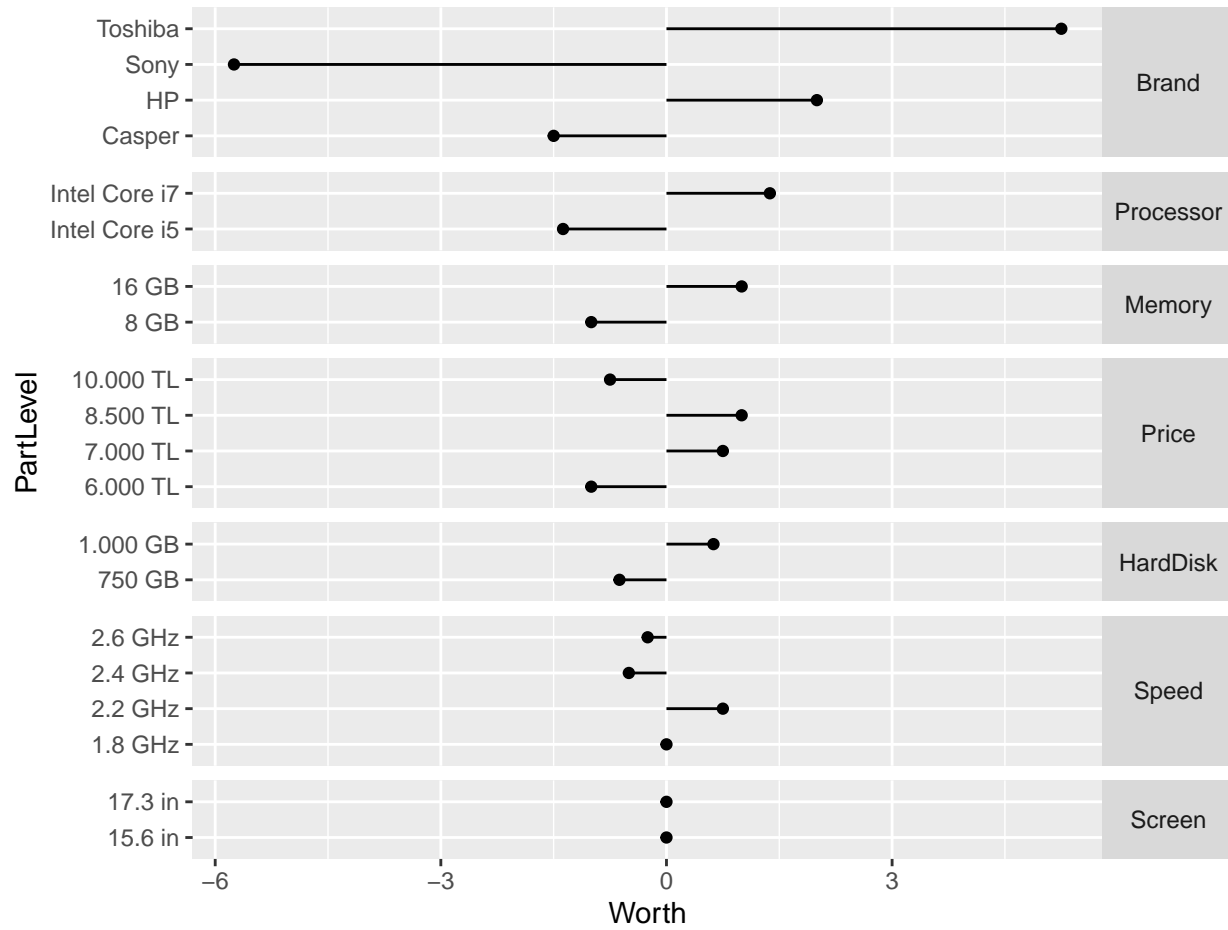


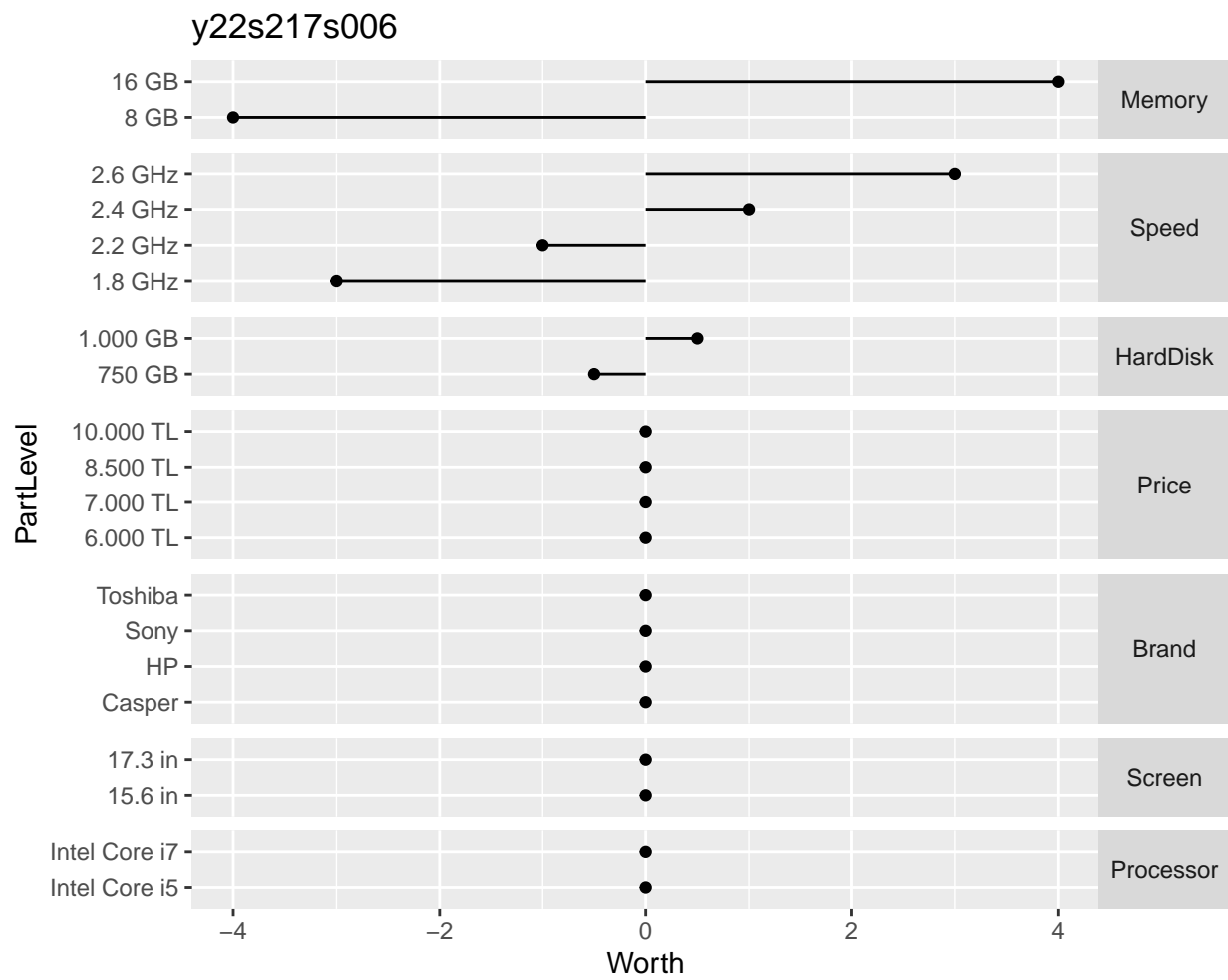


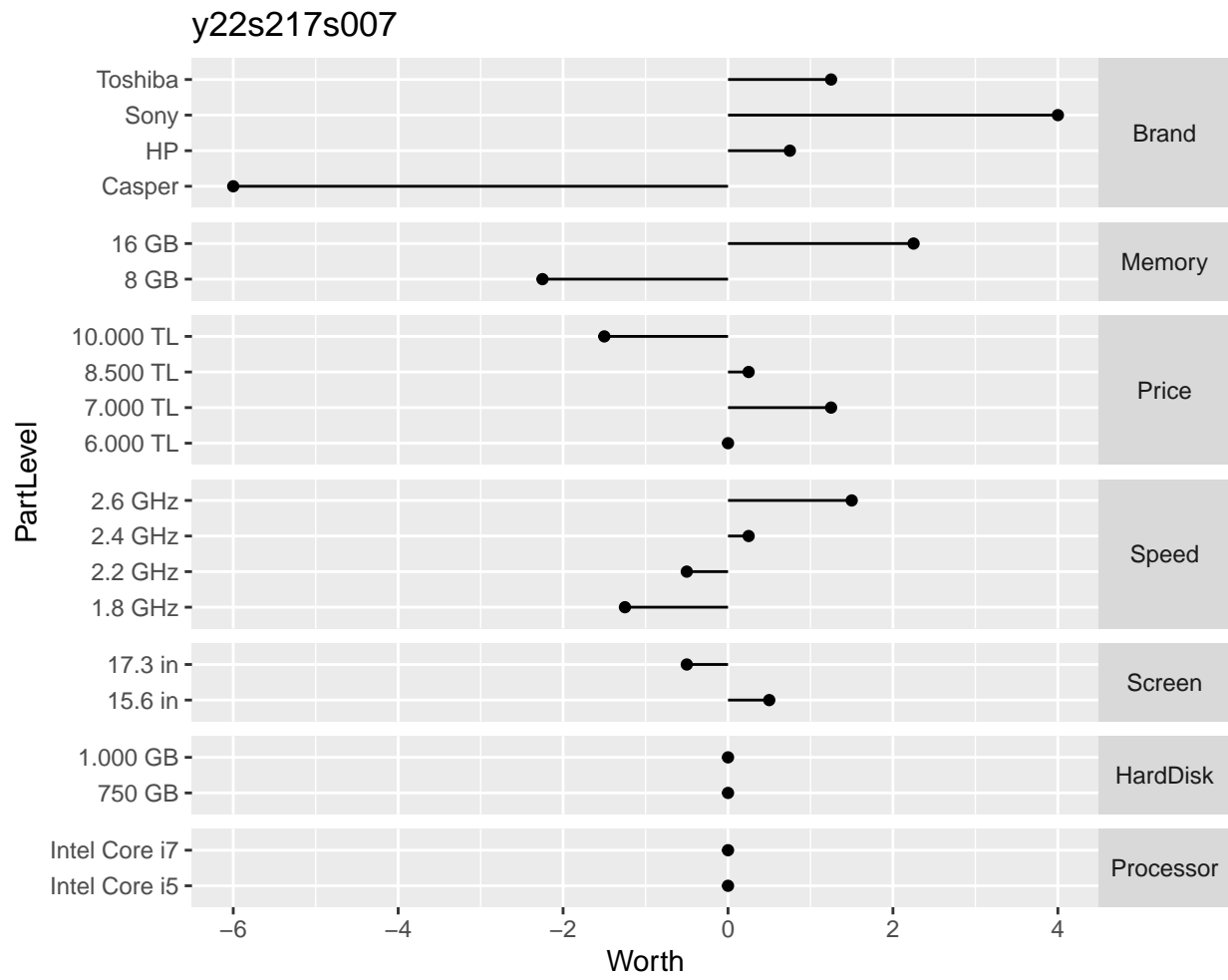
y22s217s004

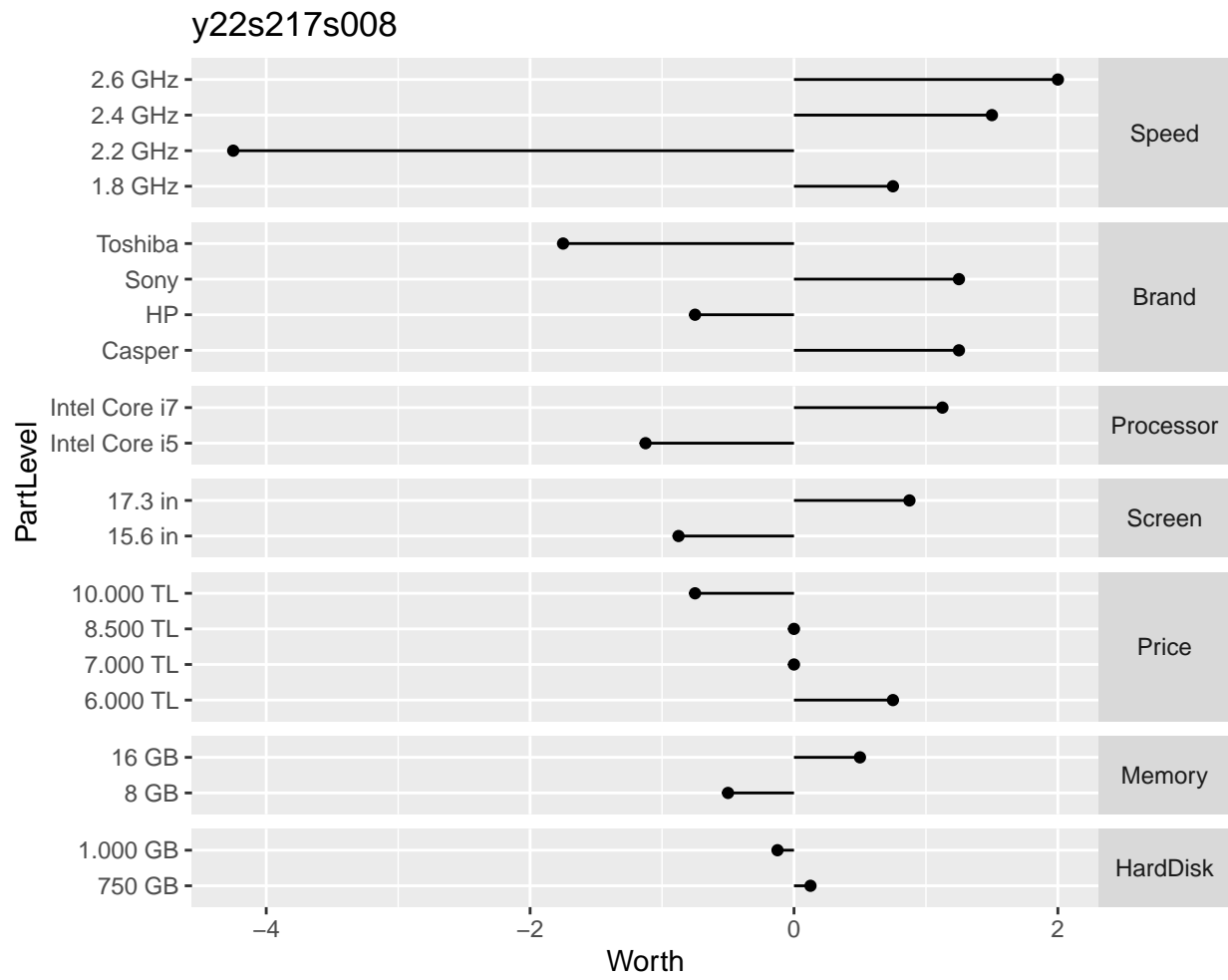


y22s217s005

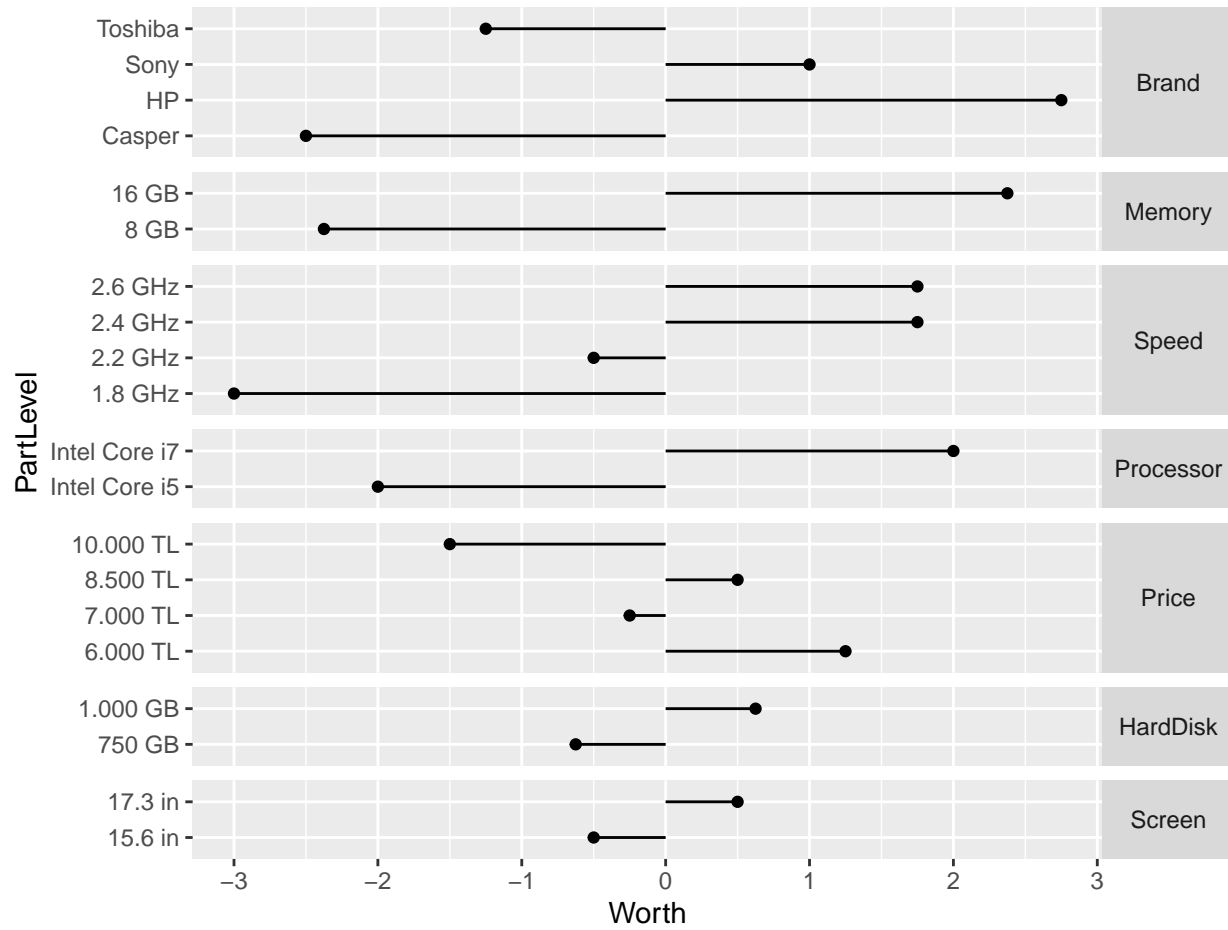


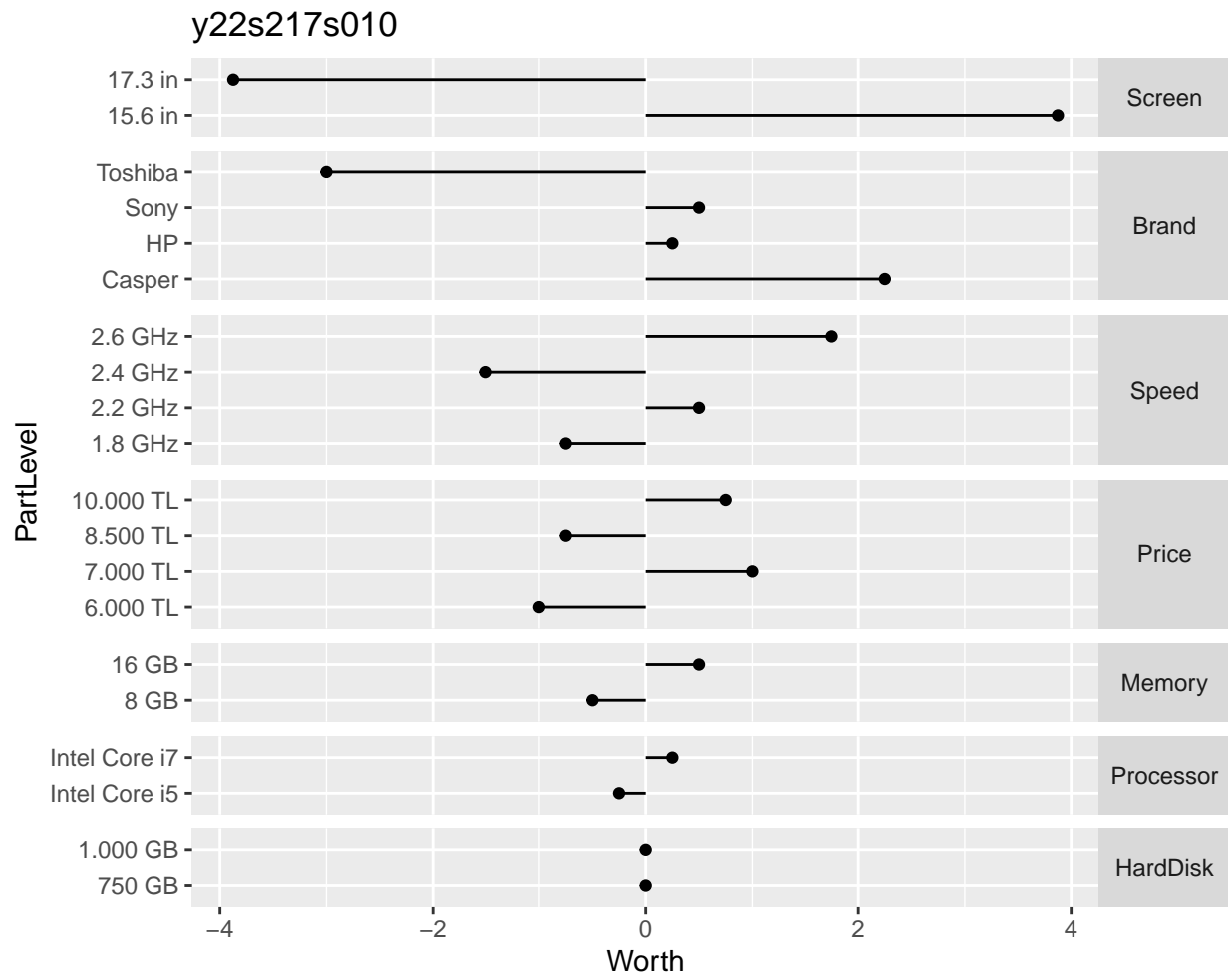




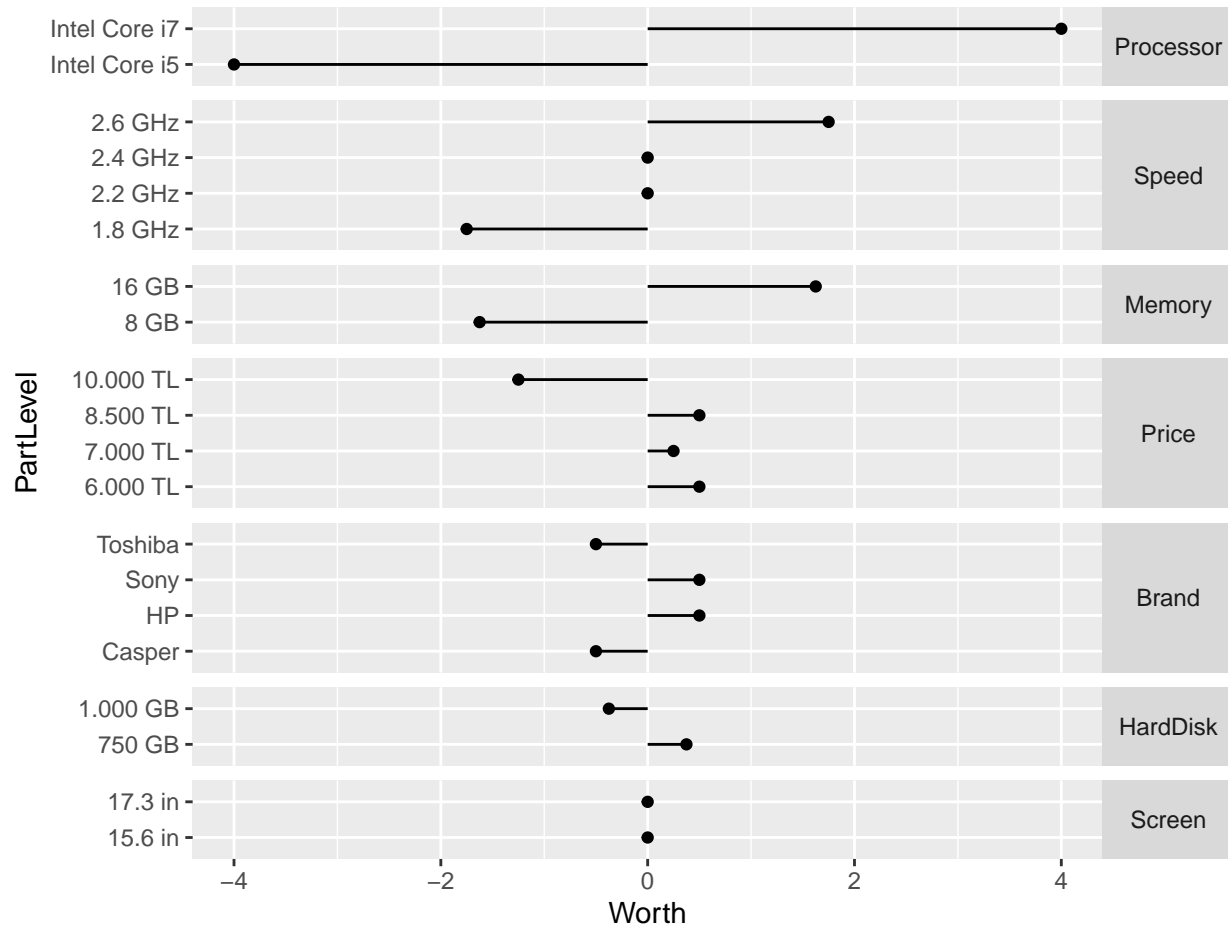


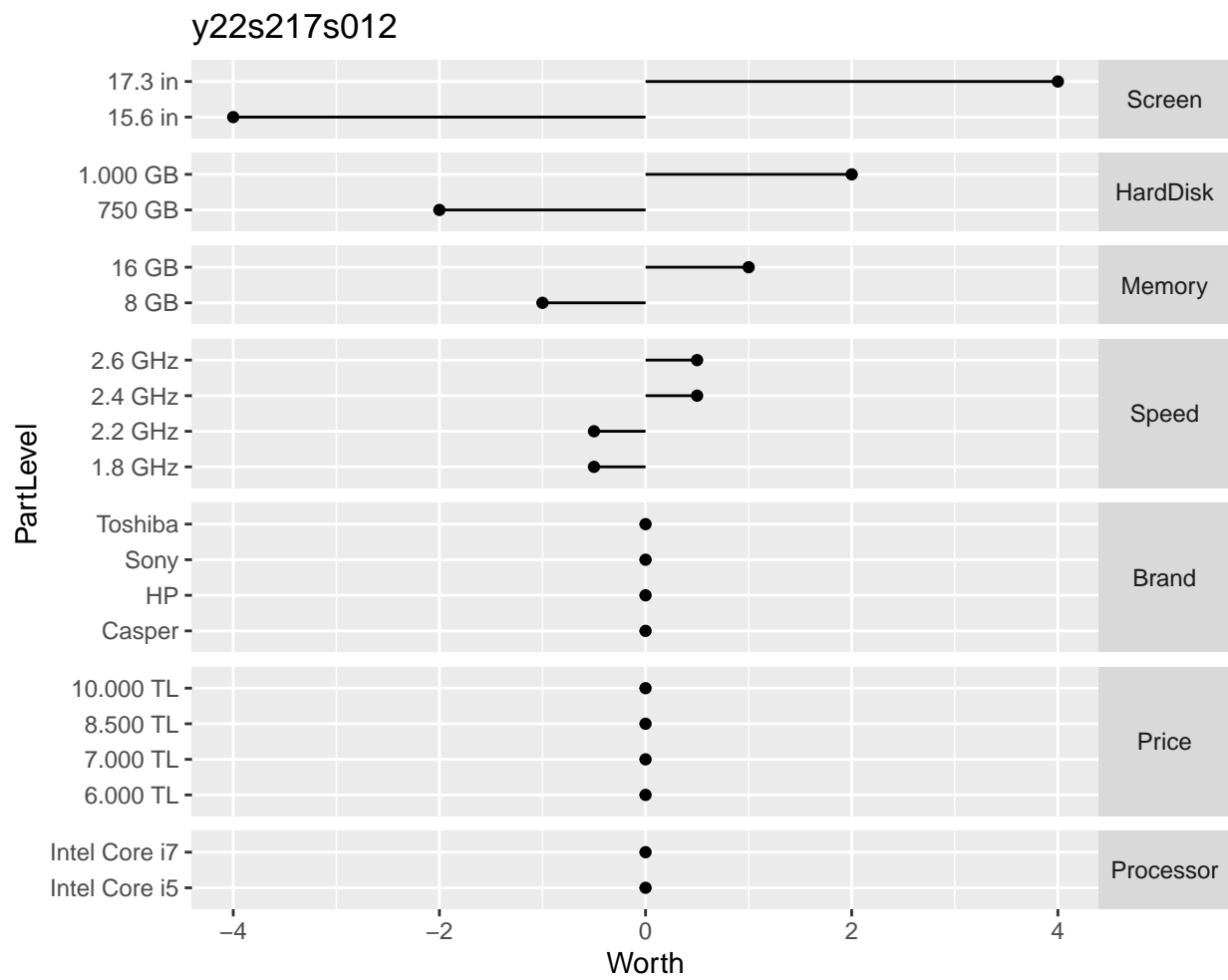
y22s217s009

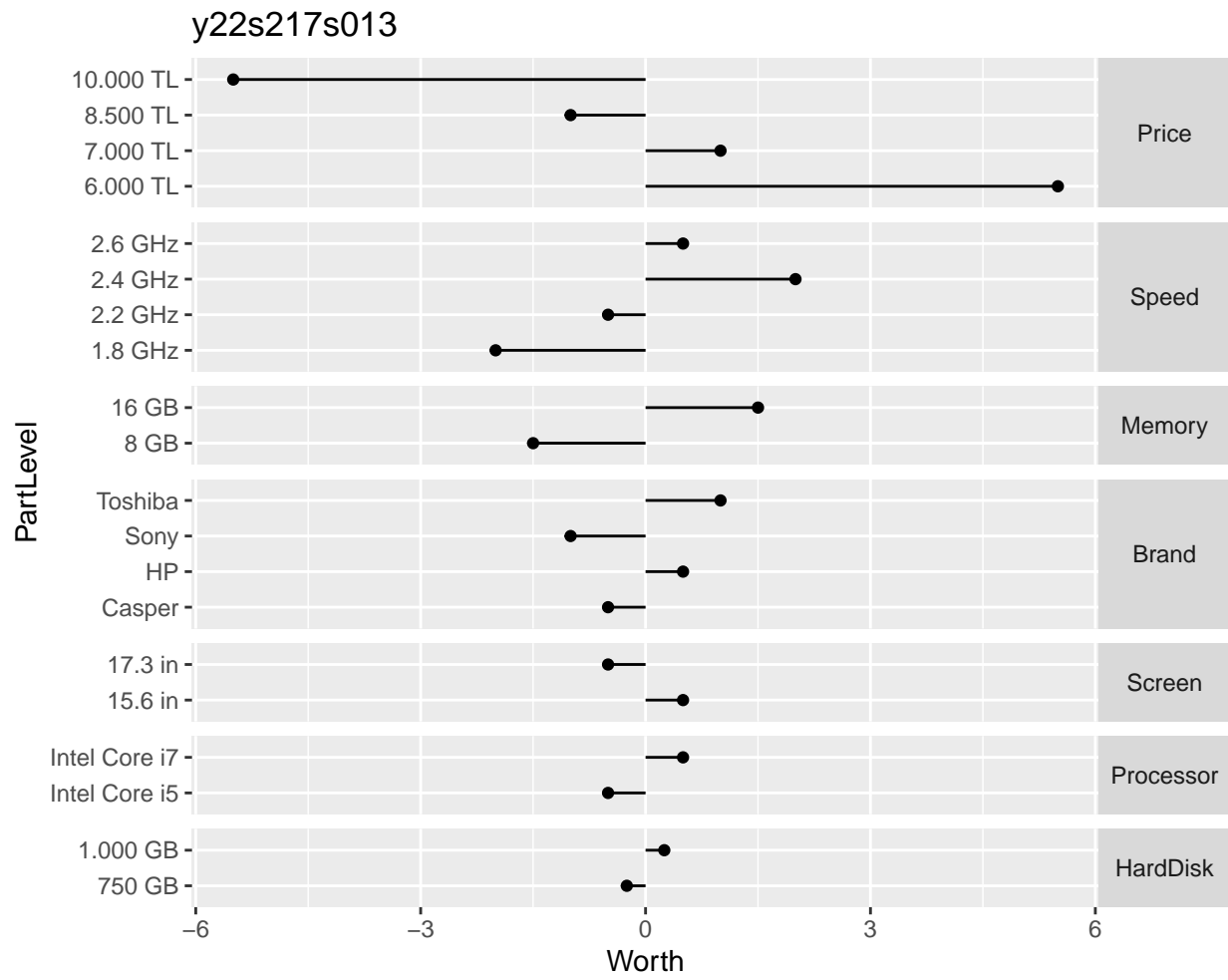


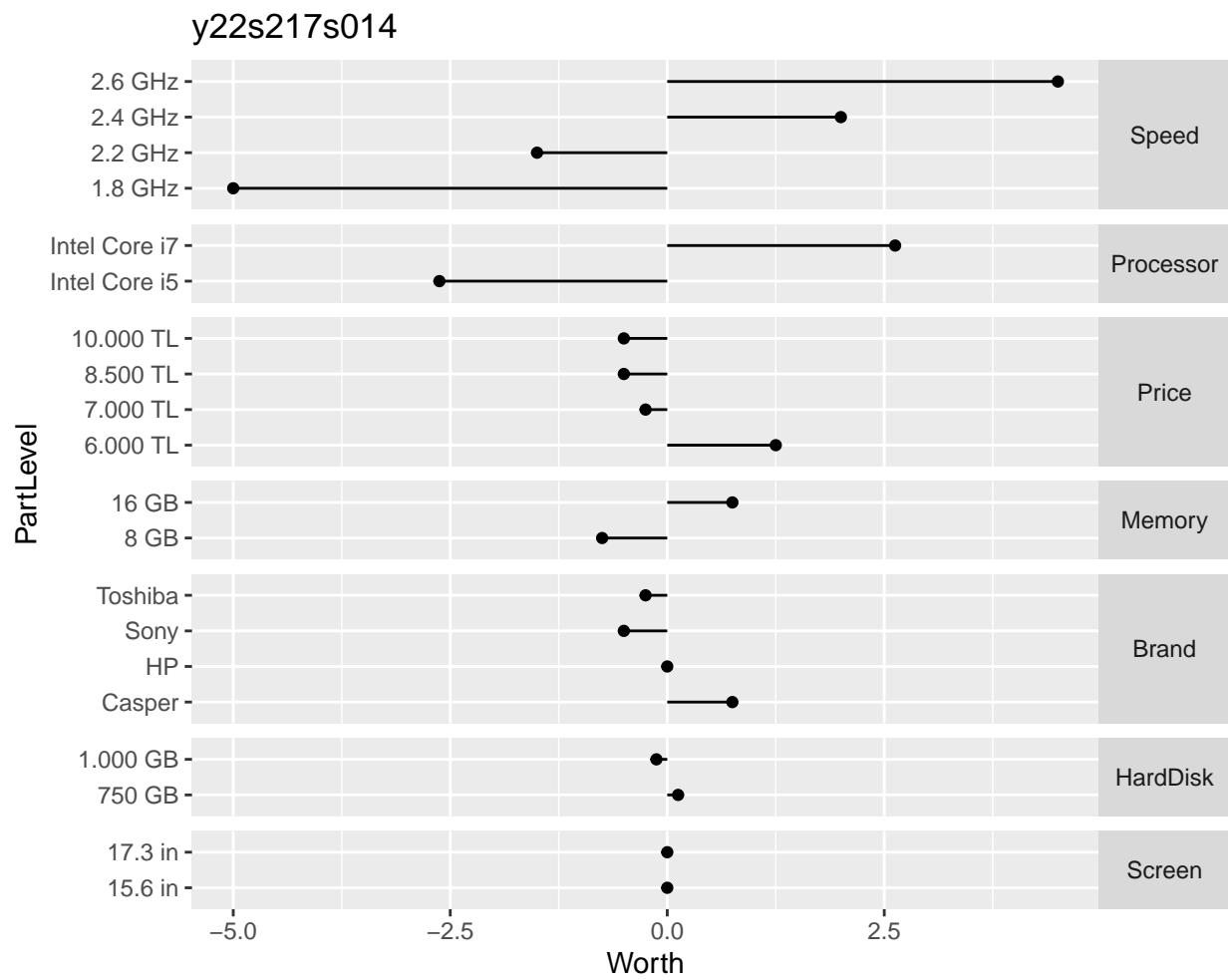


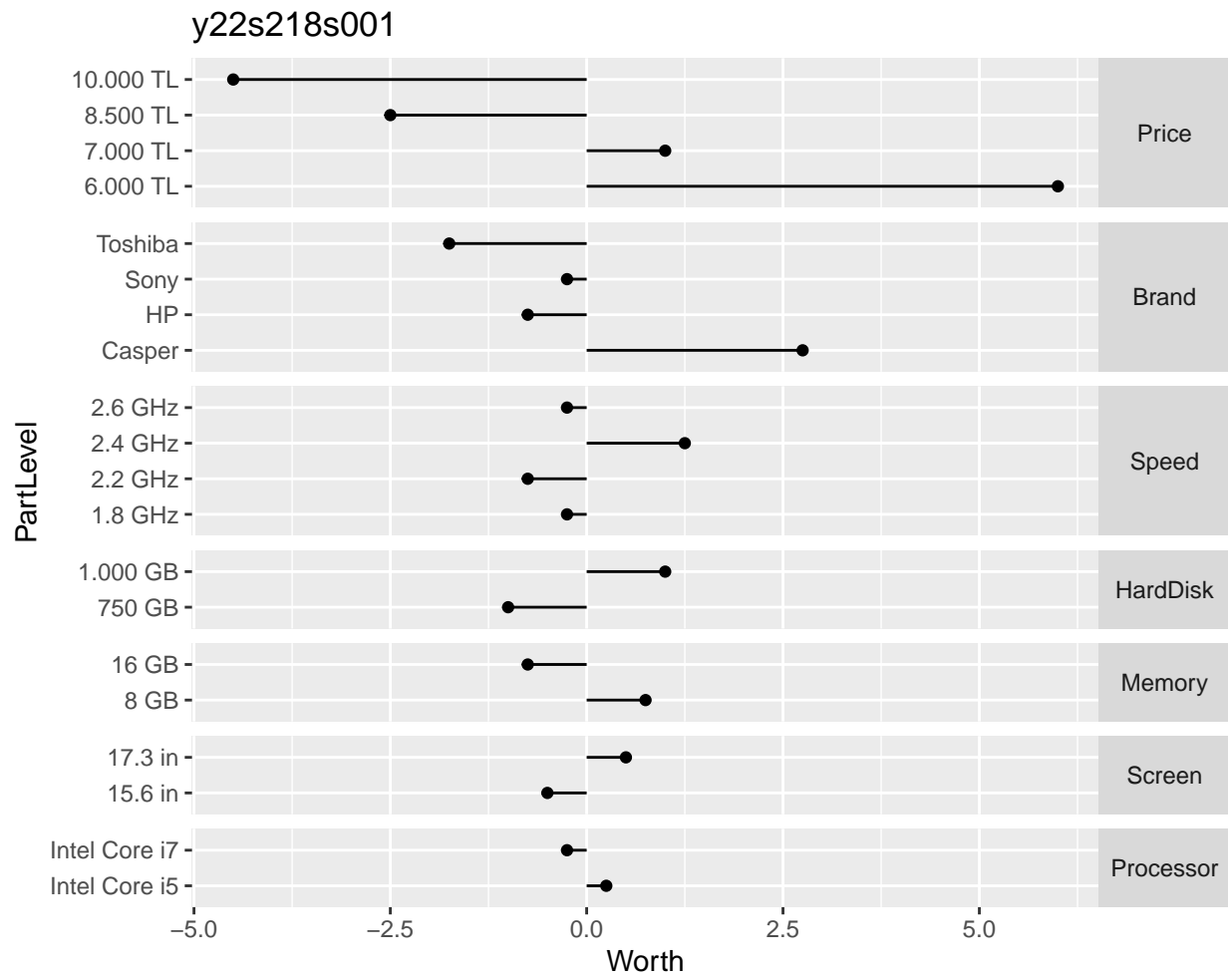
y22s217s011

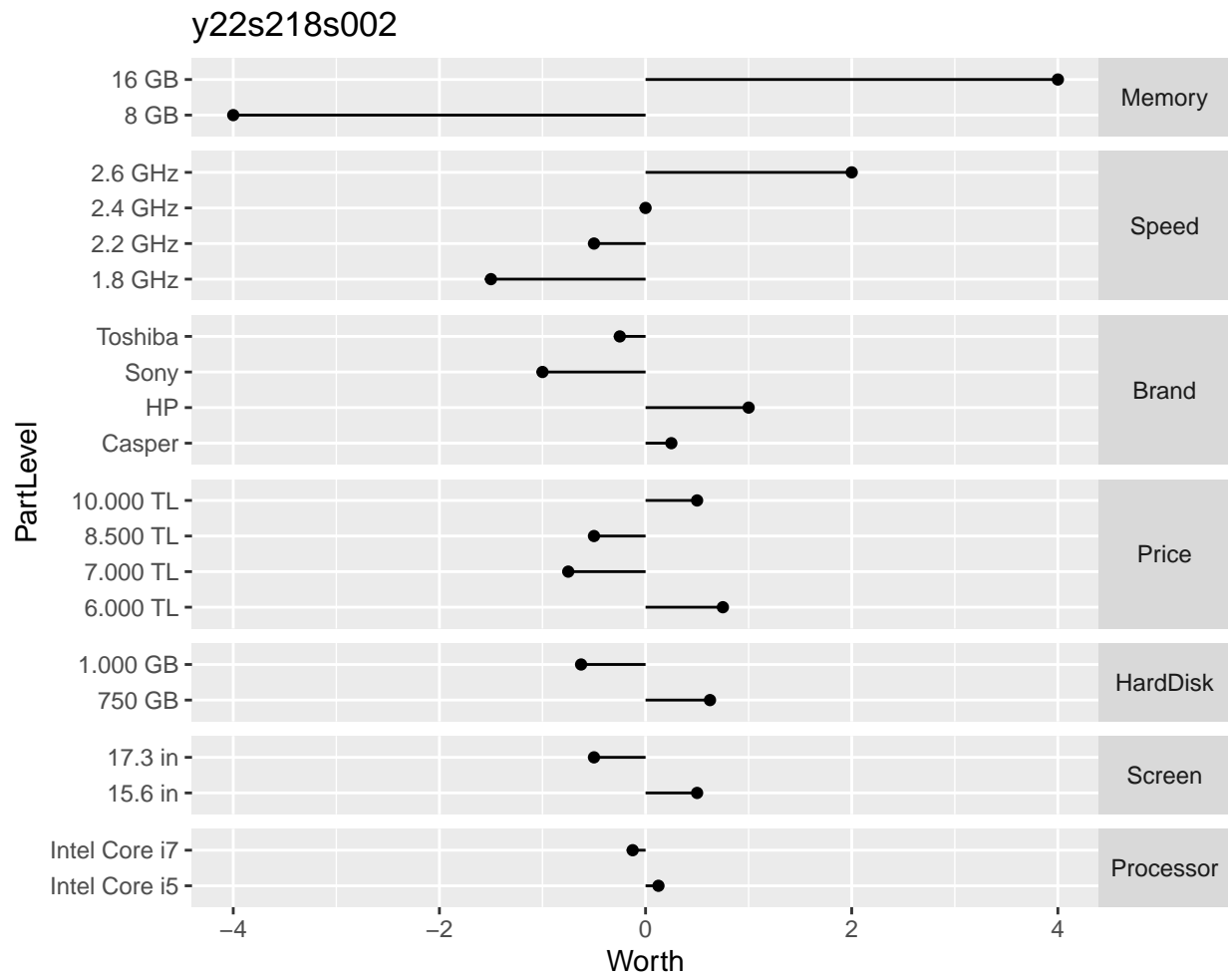


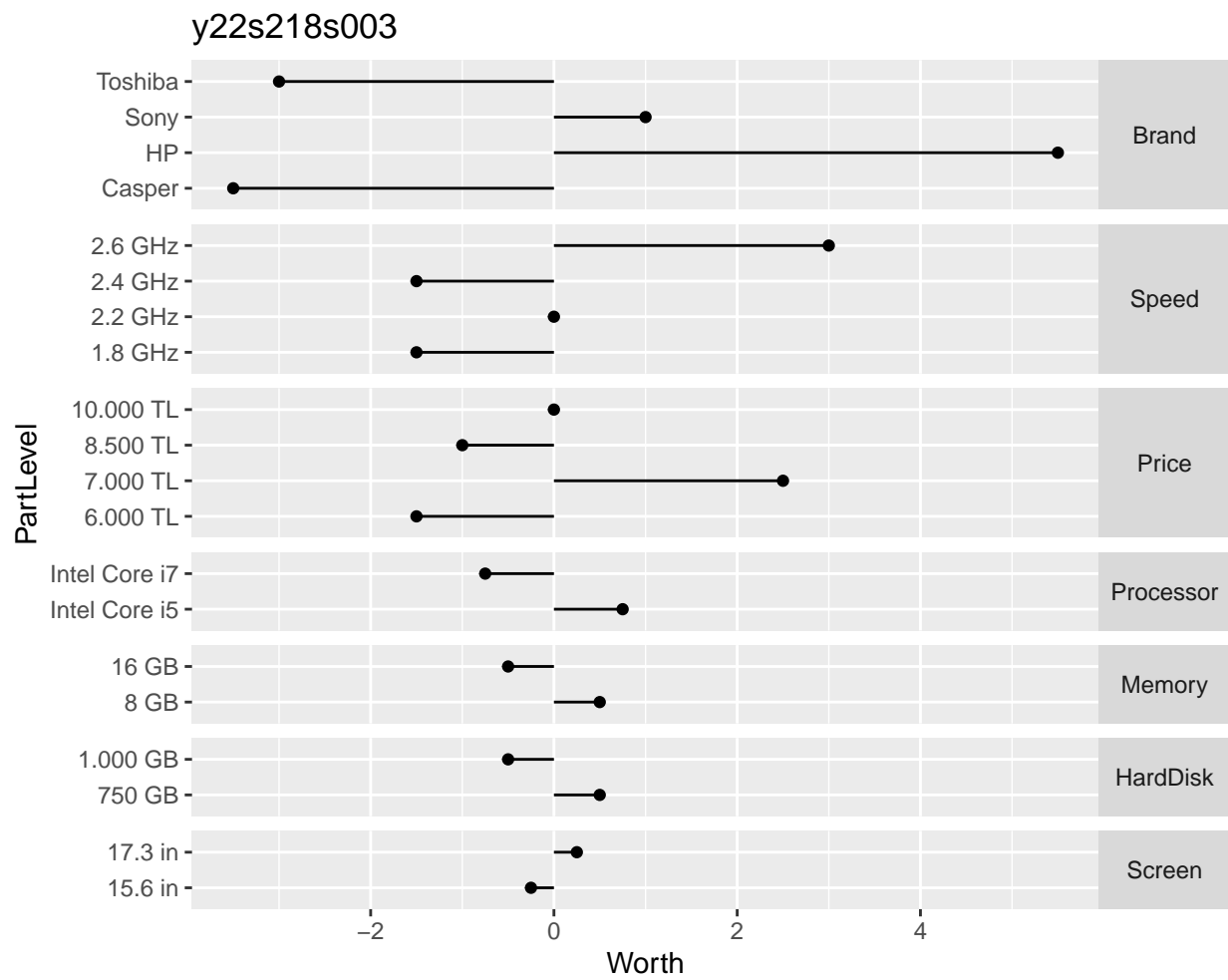


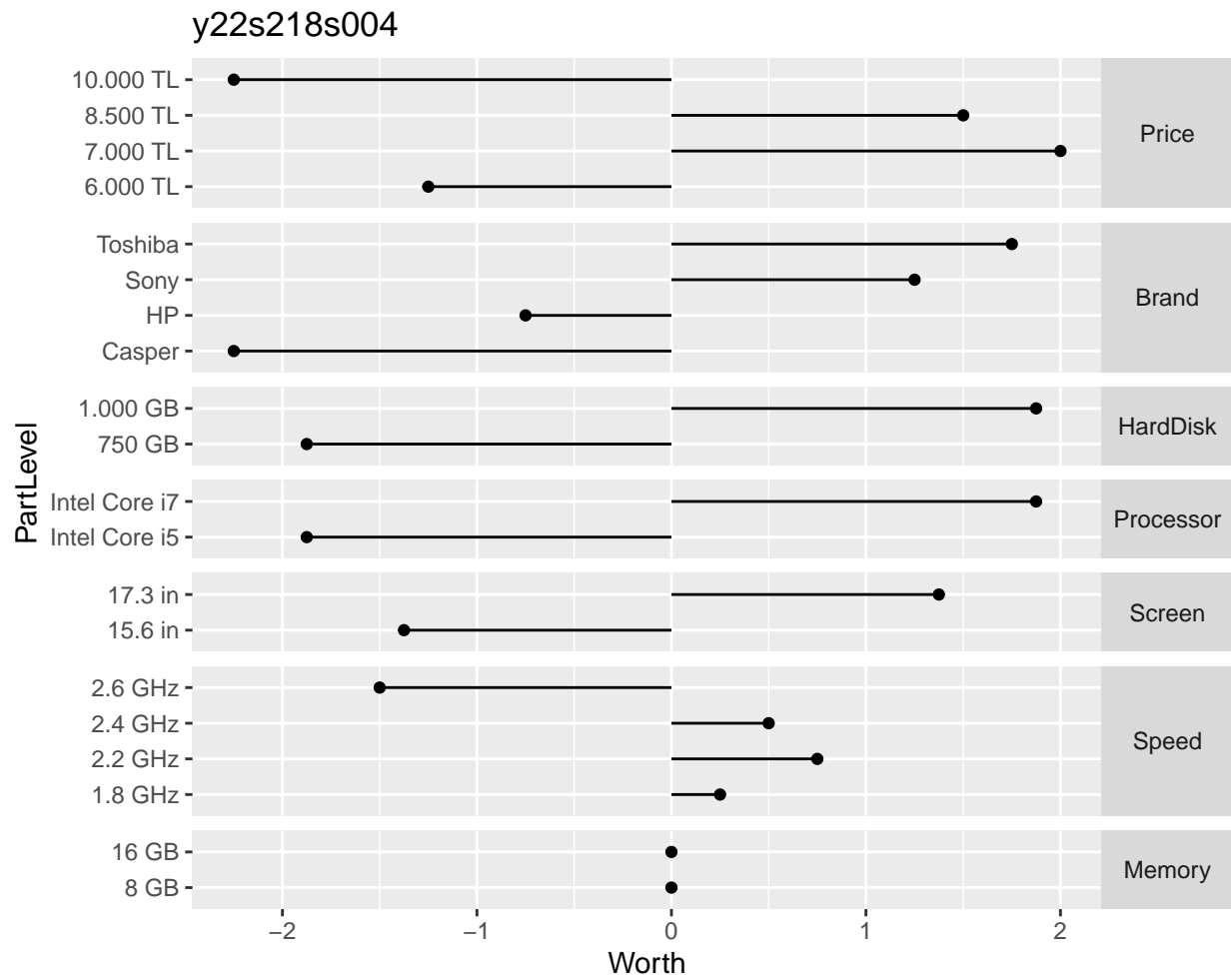


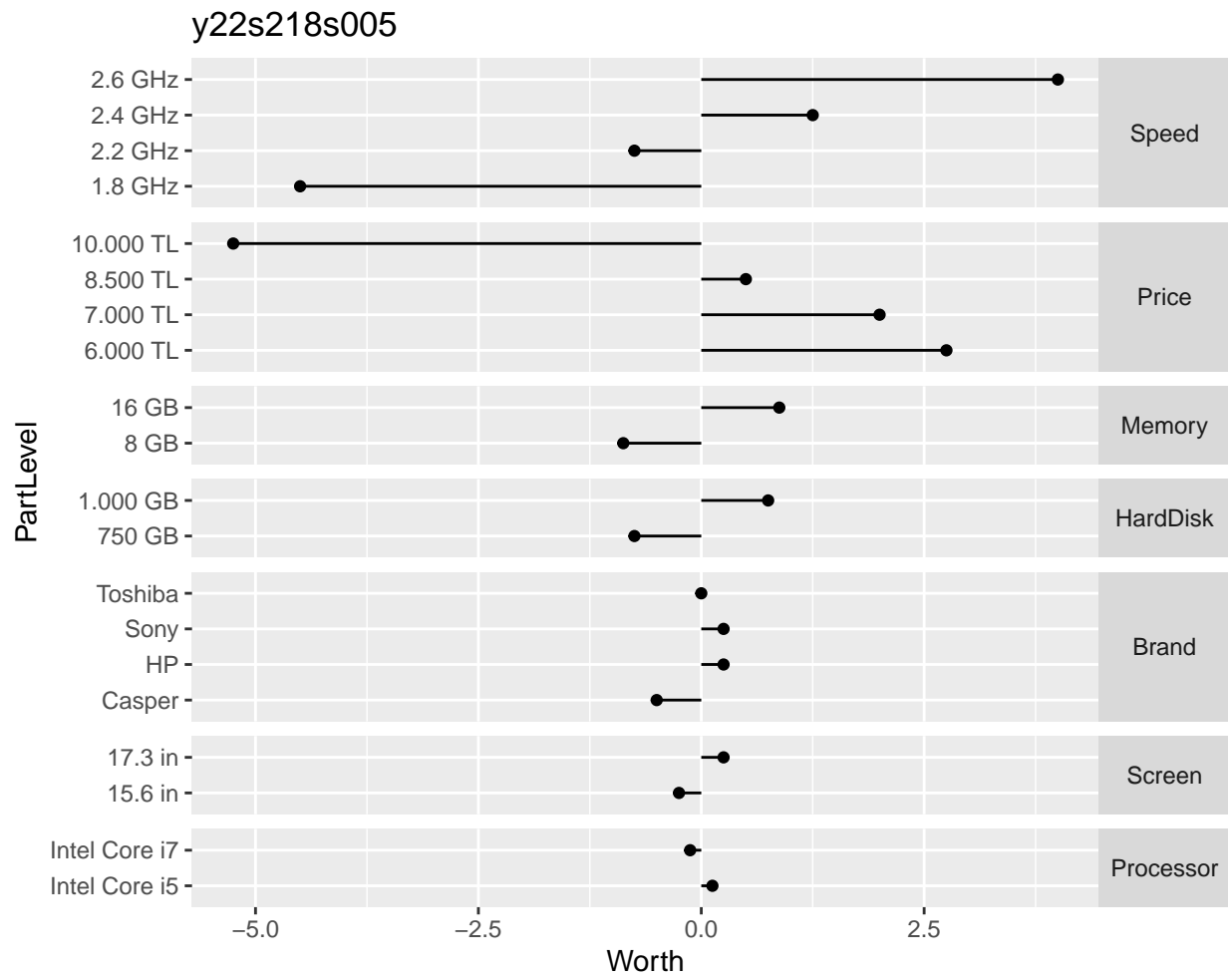


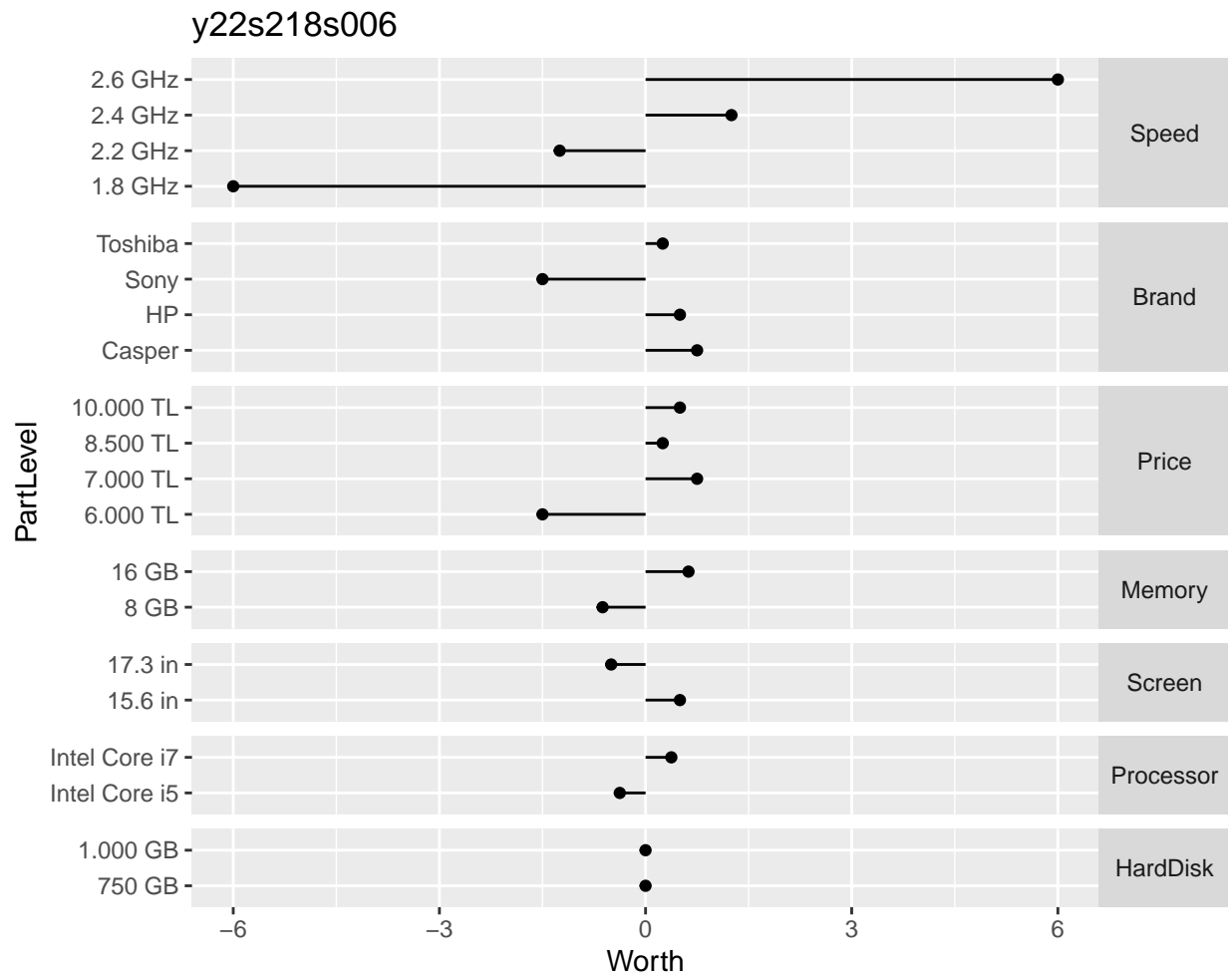


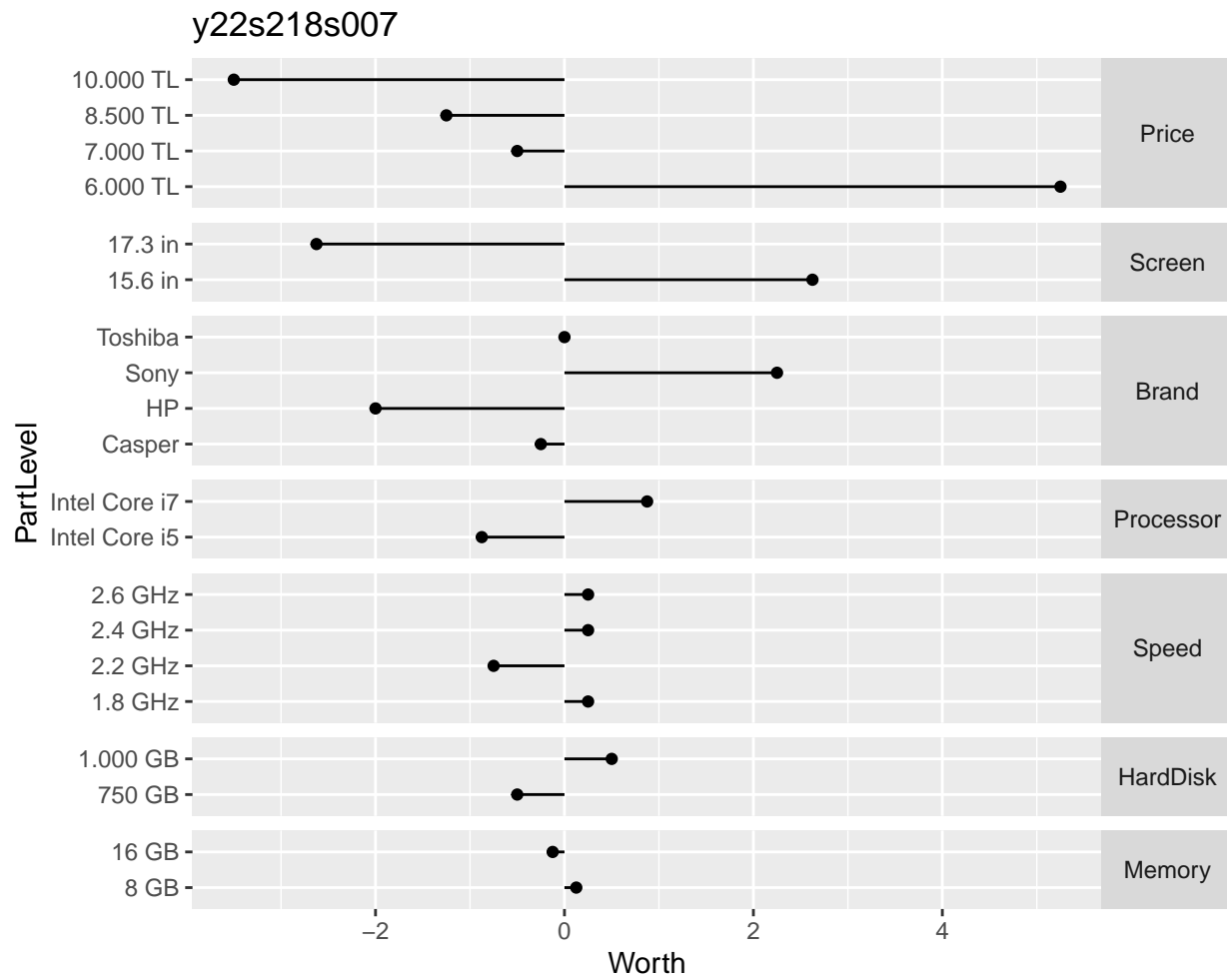


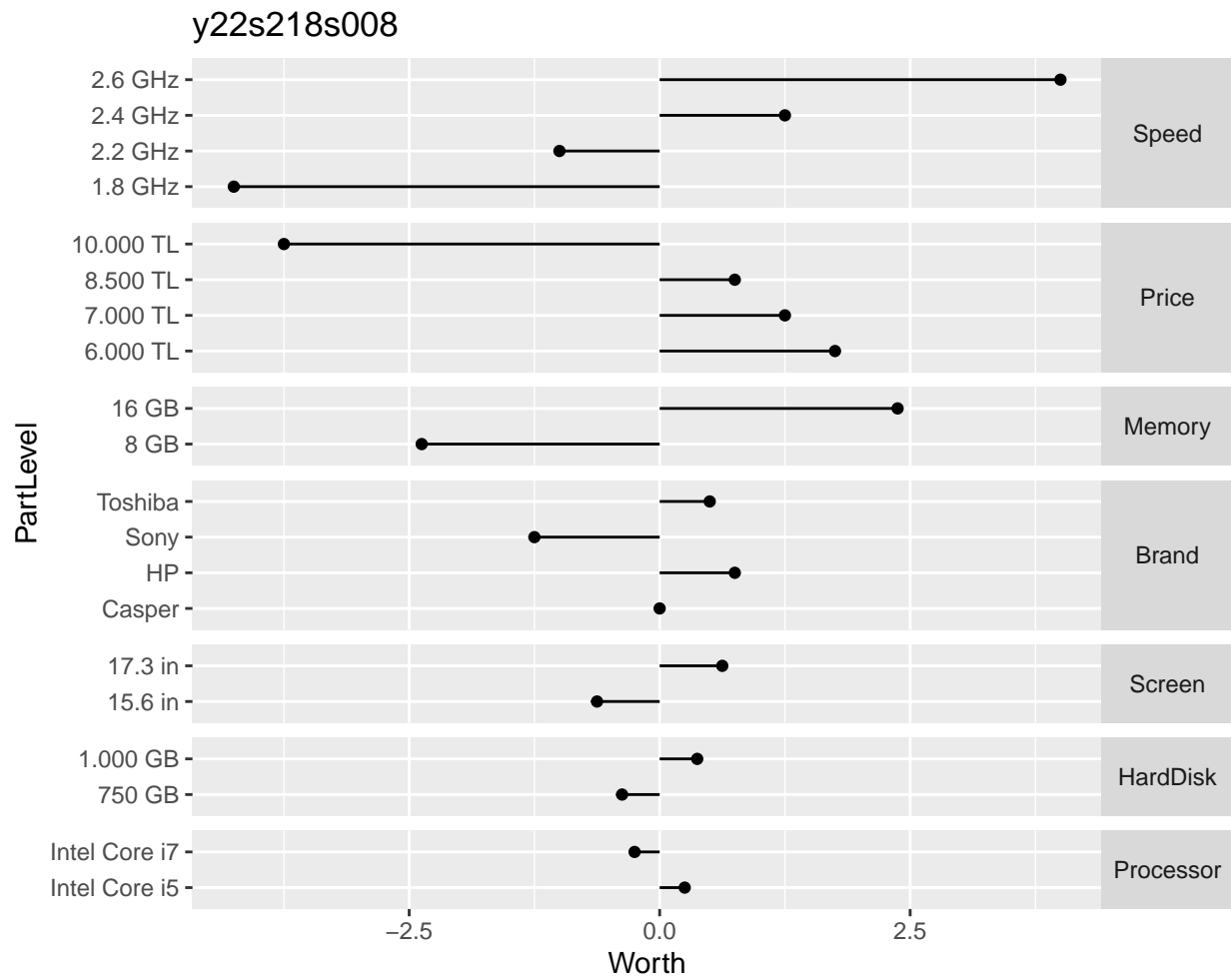


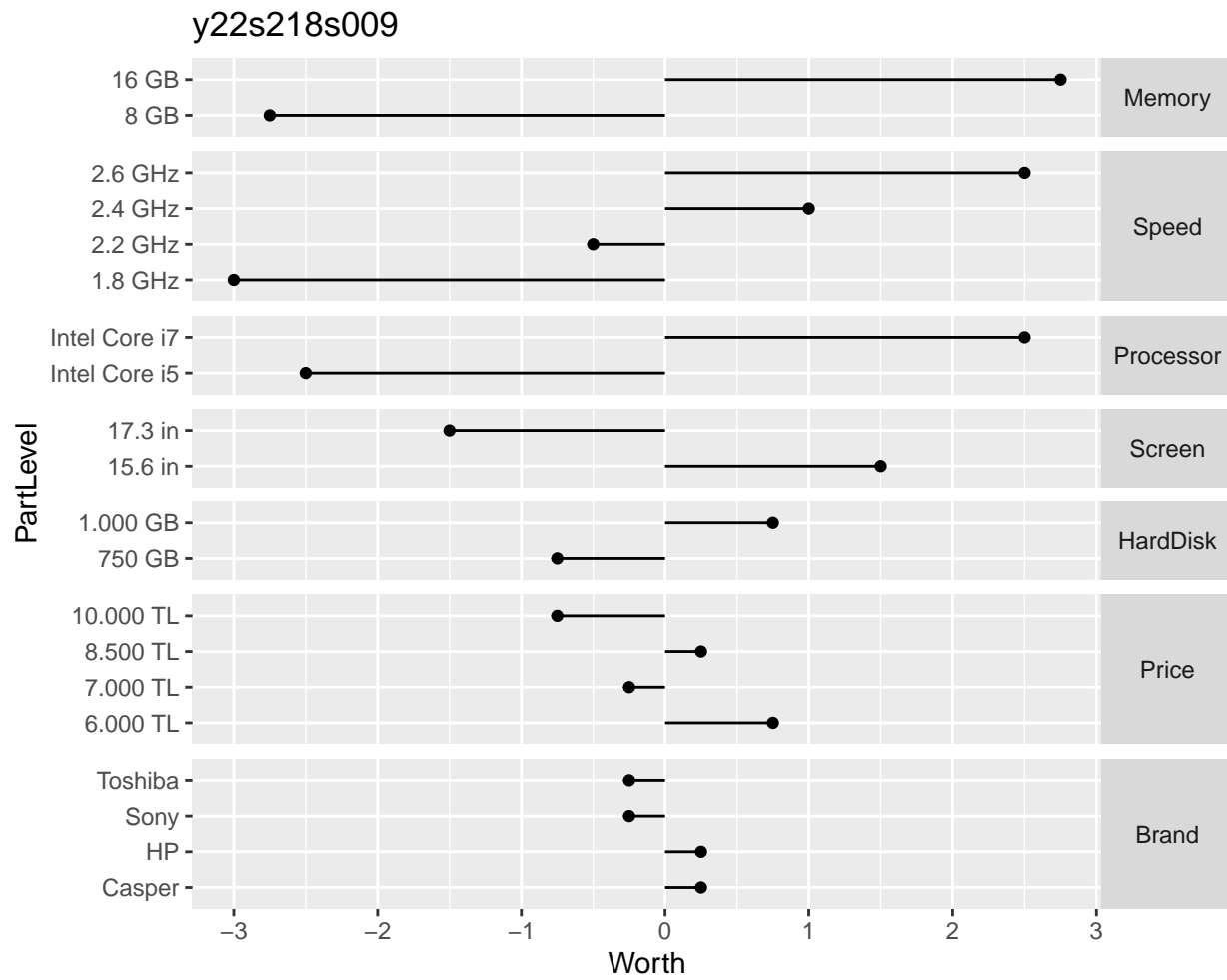


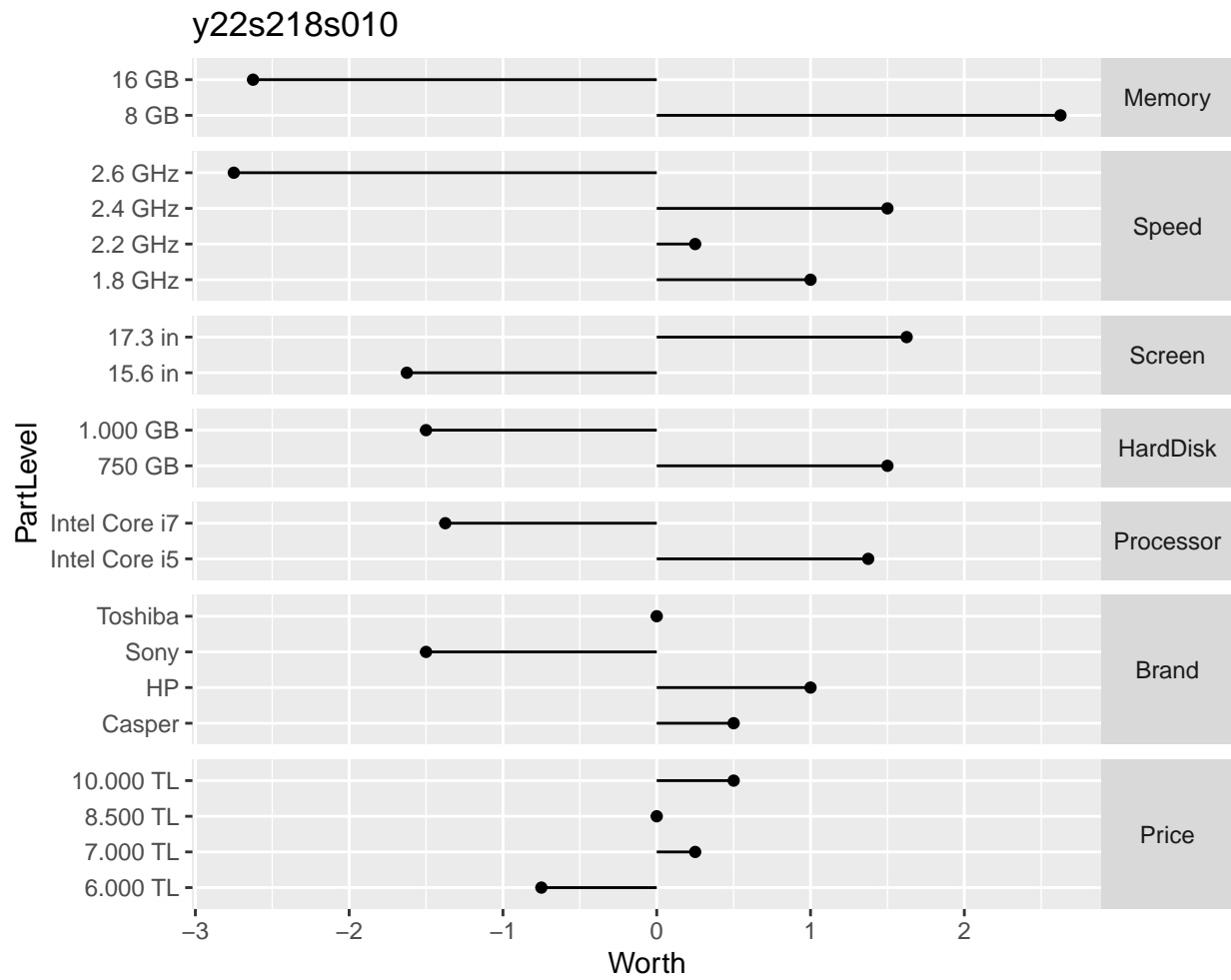


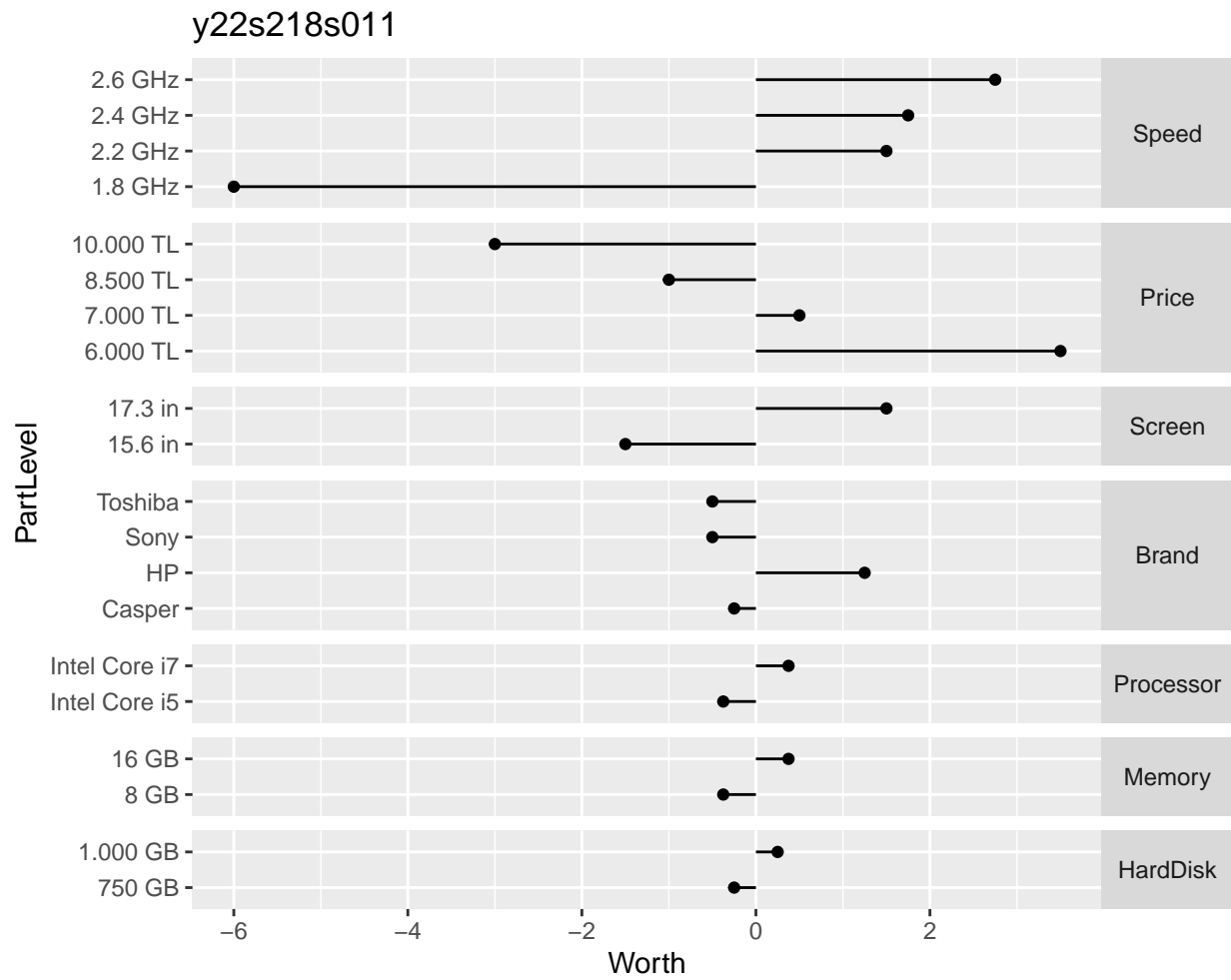


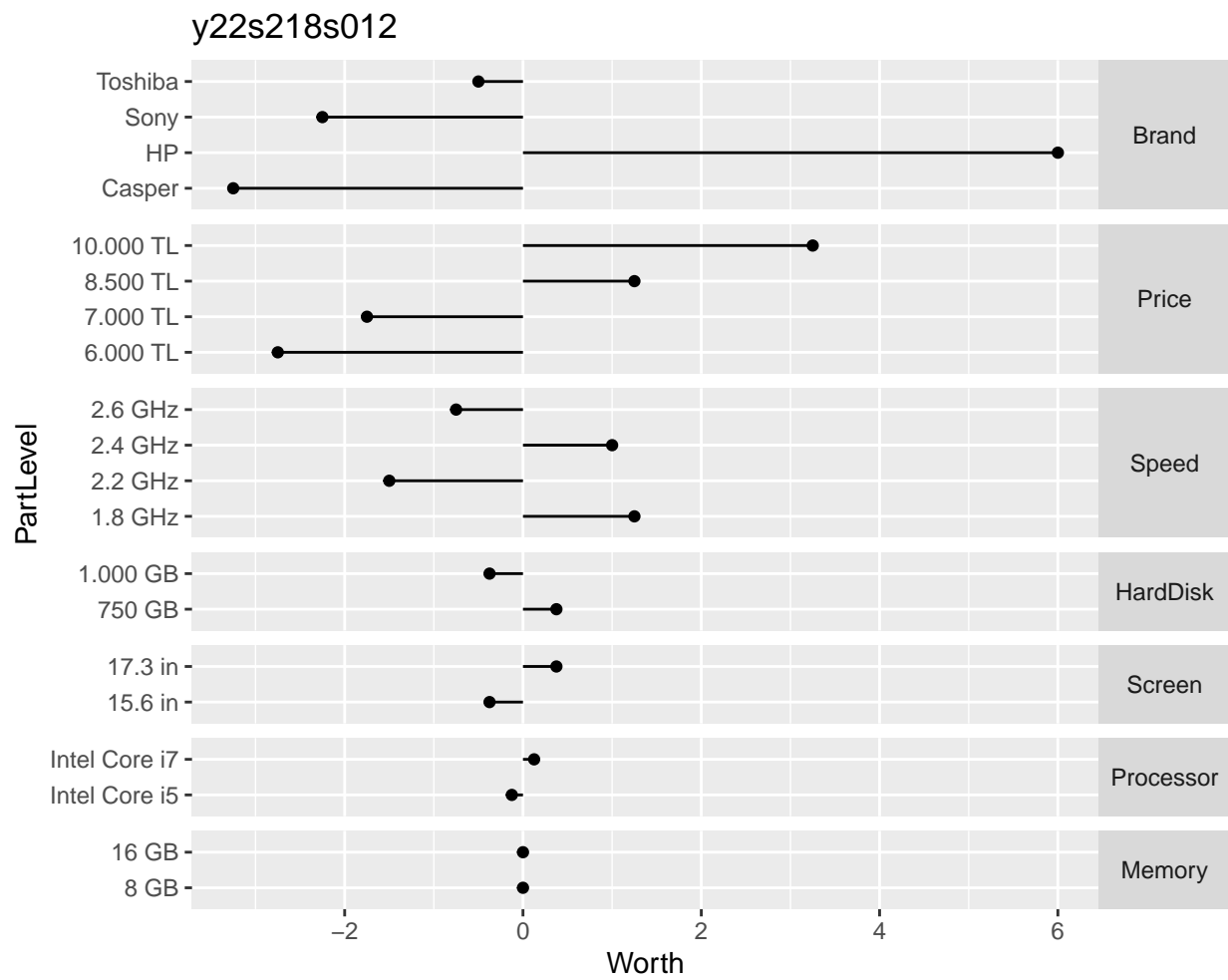


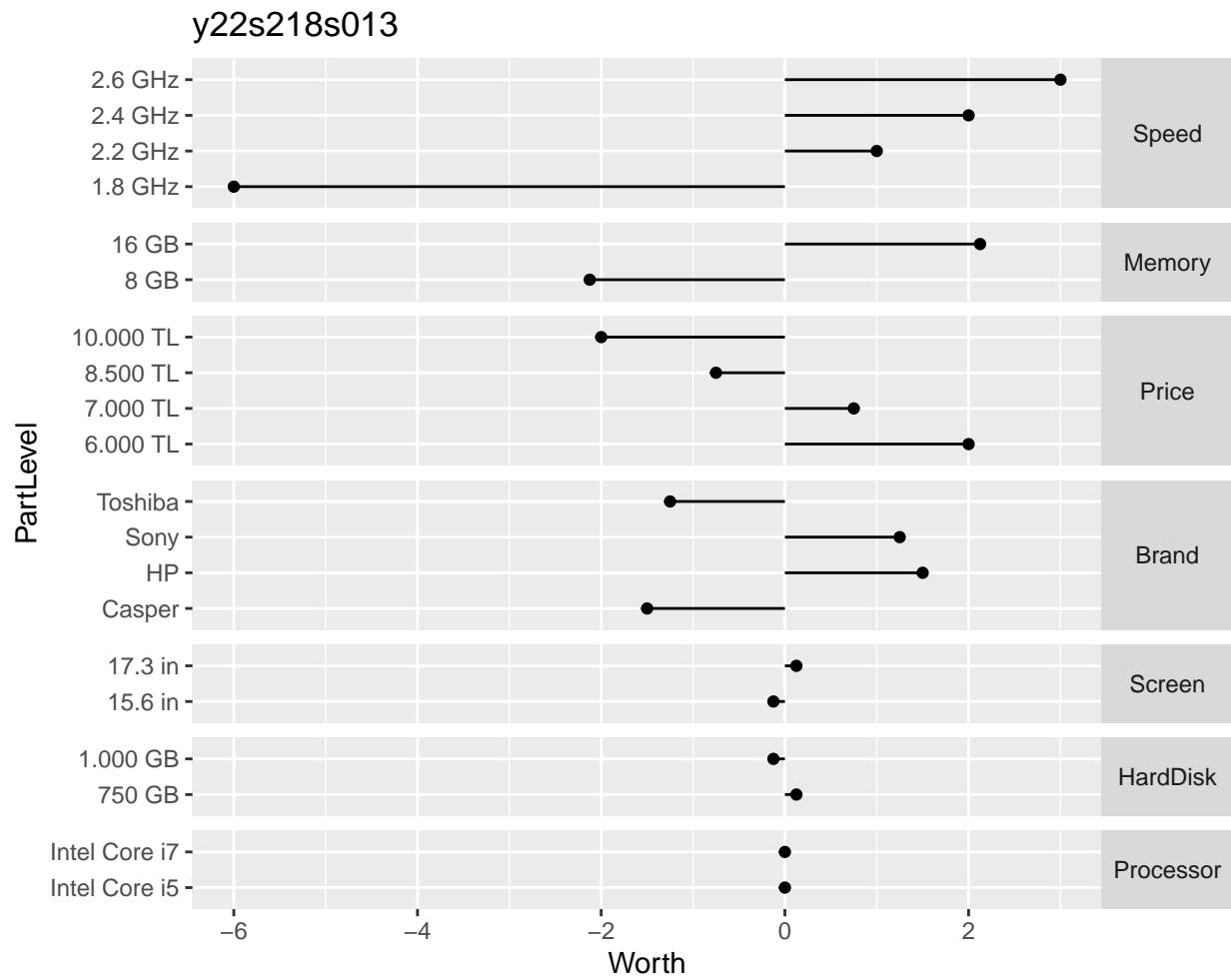




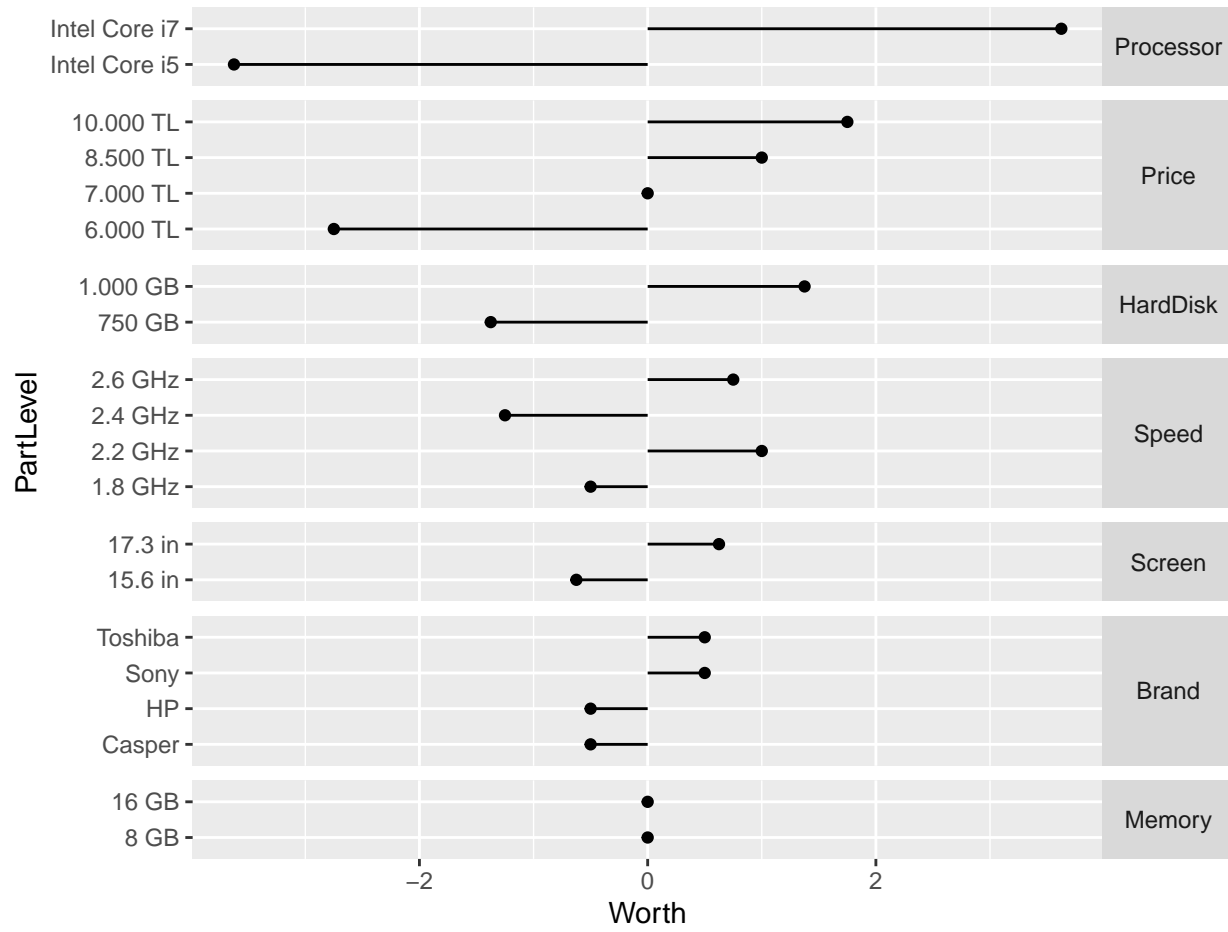


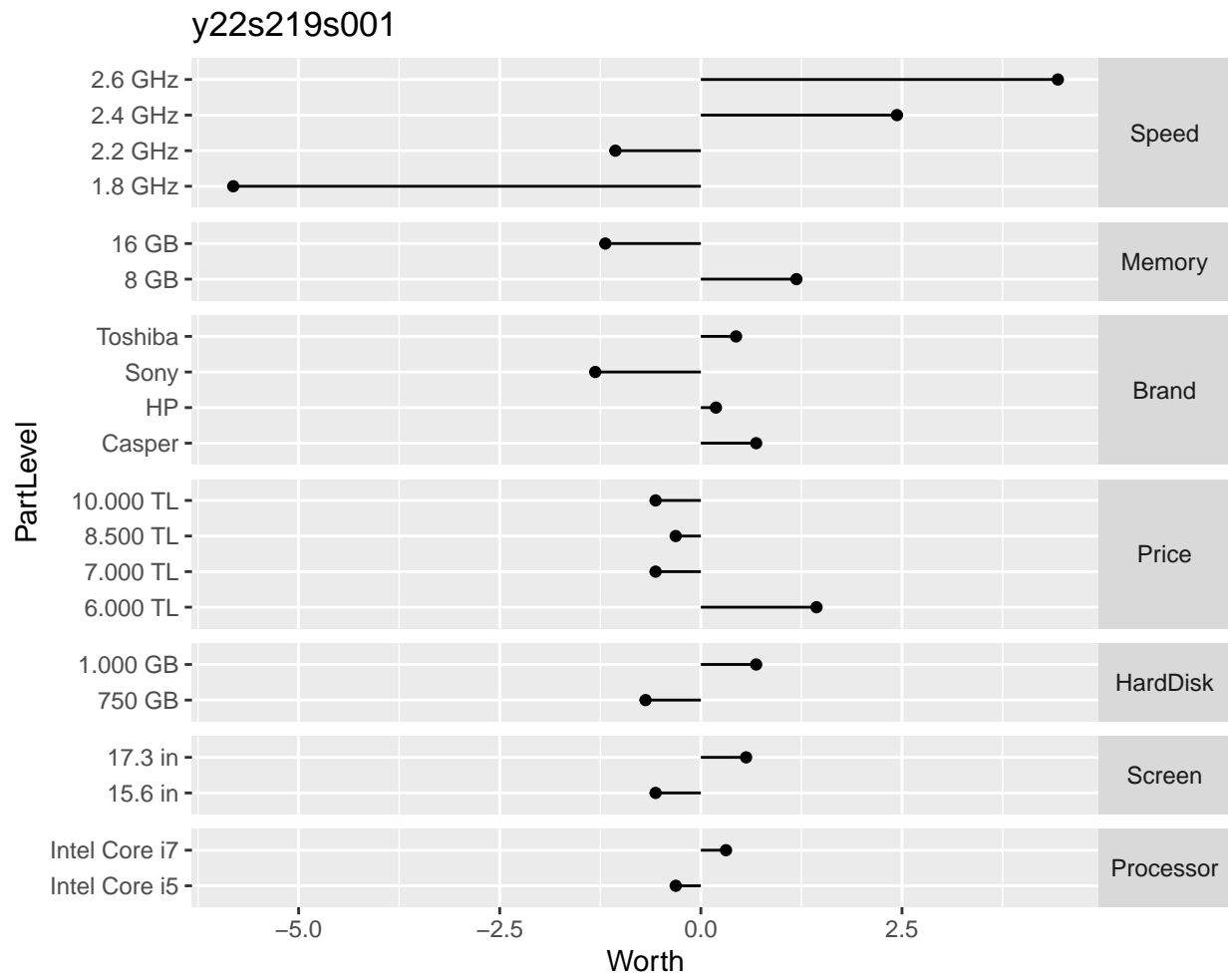


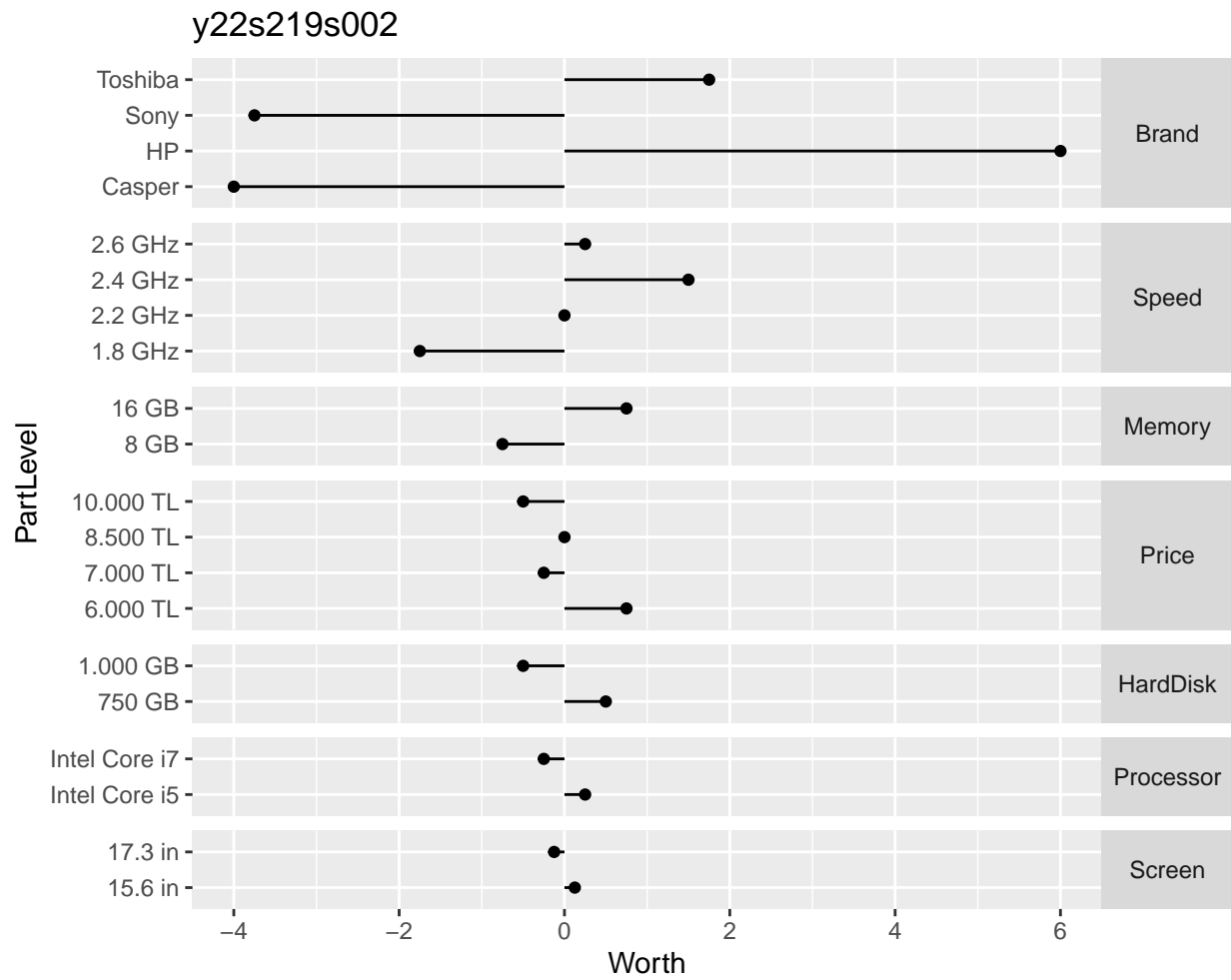


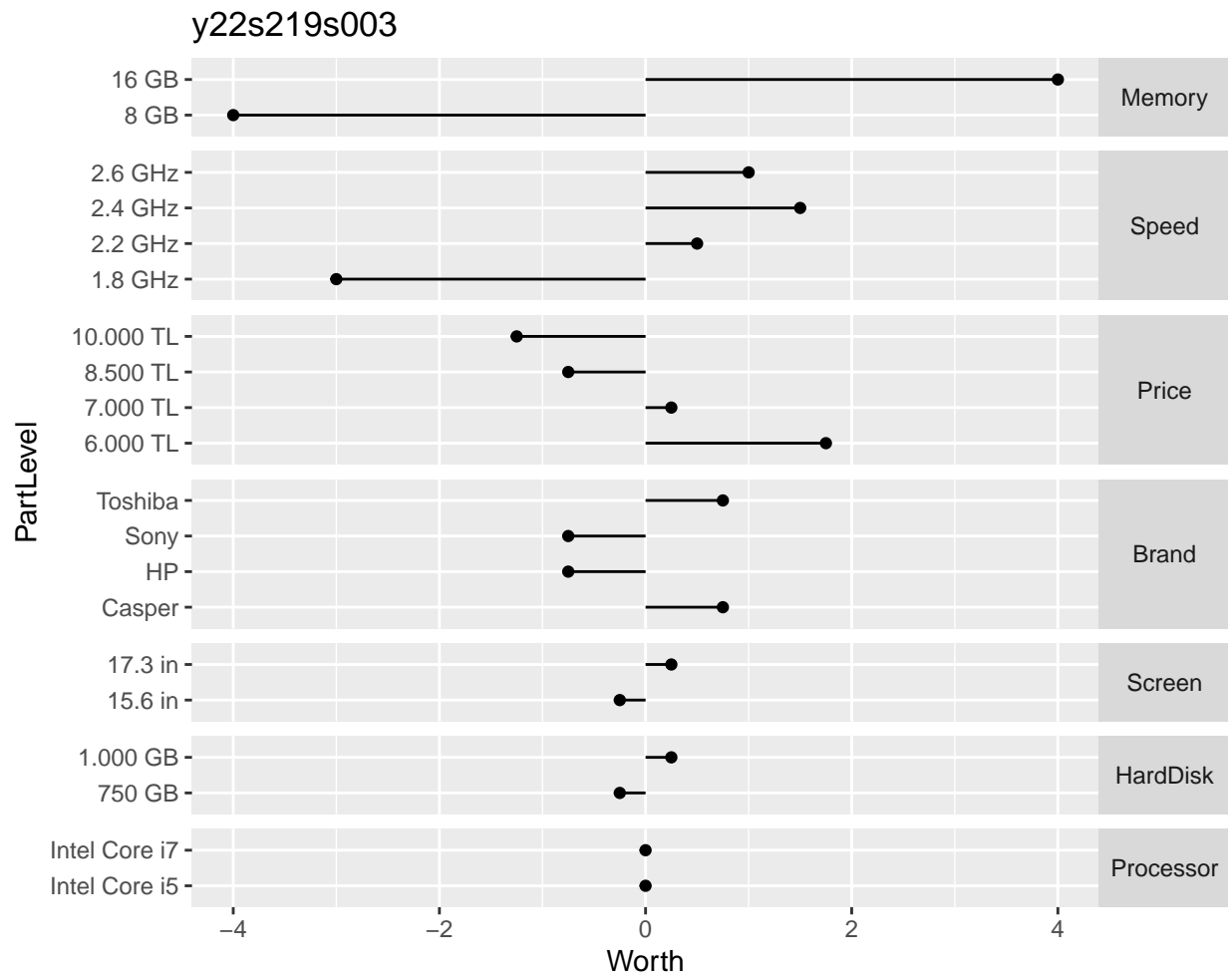


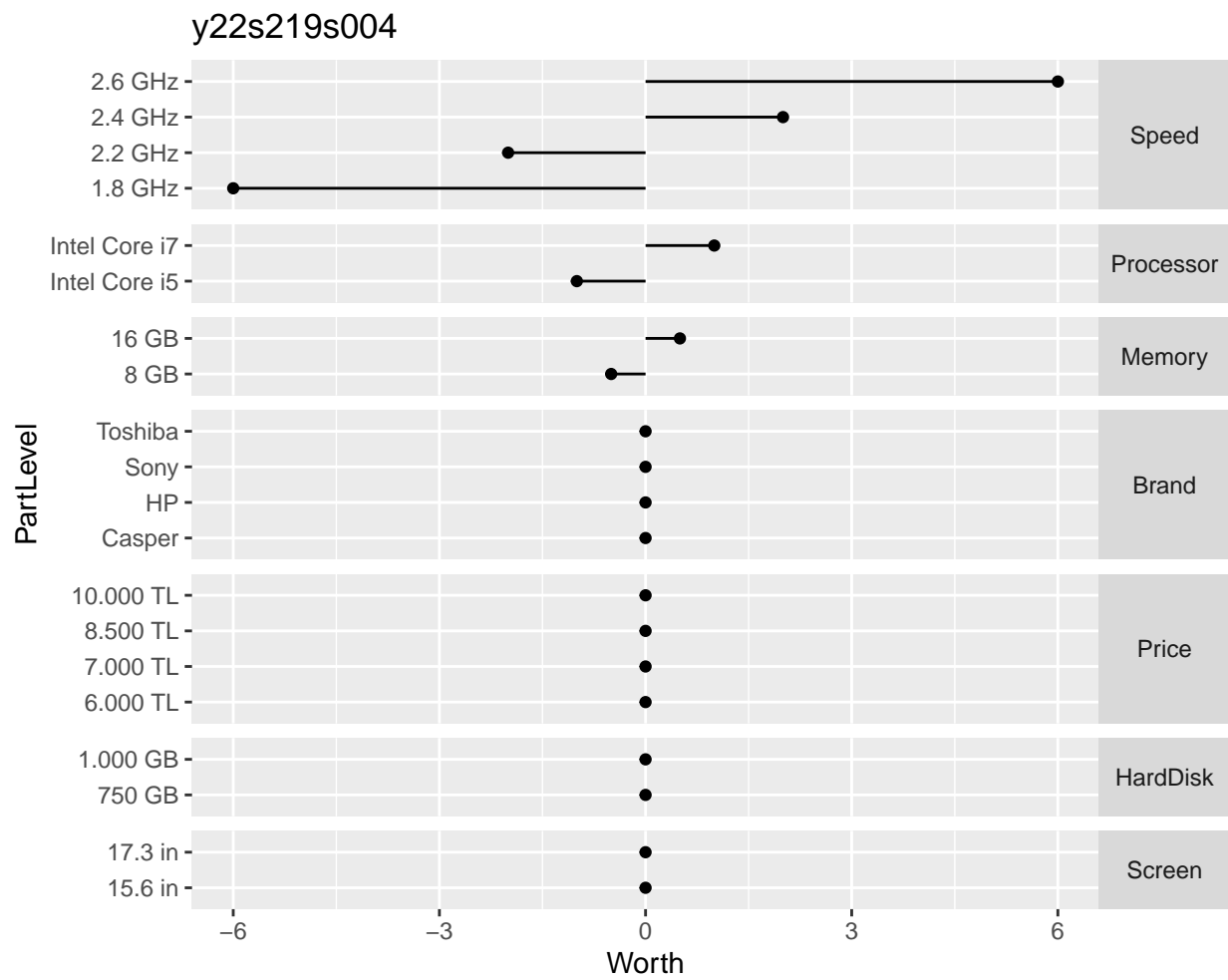
y22s218s014

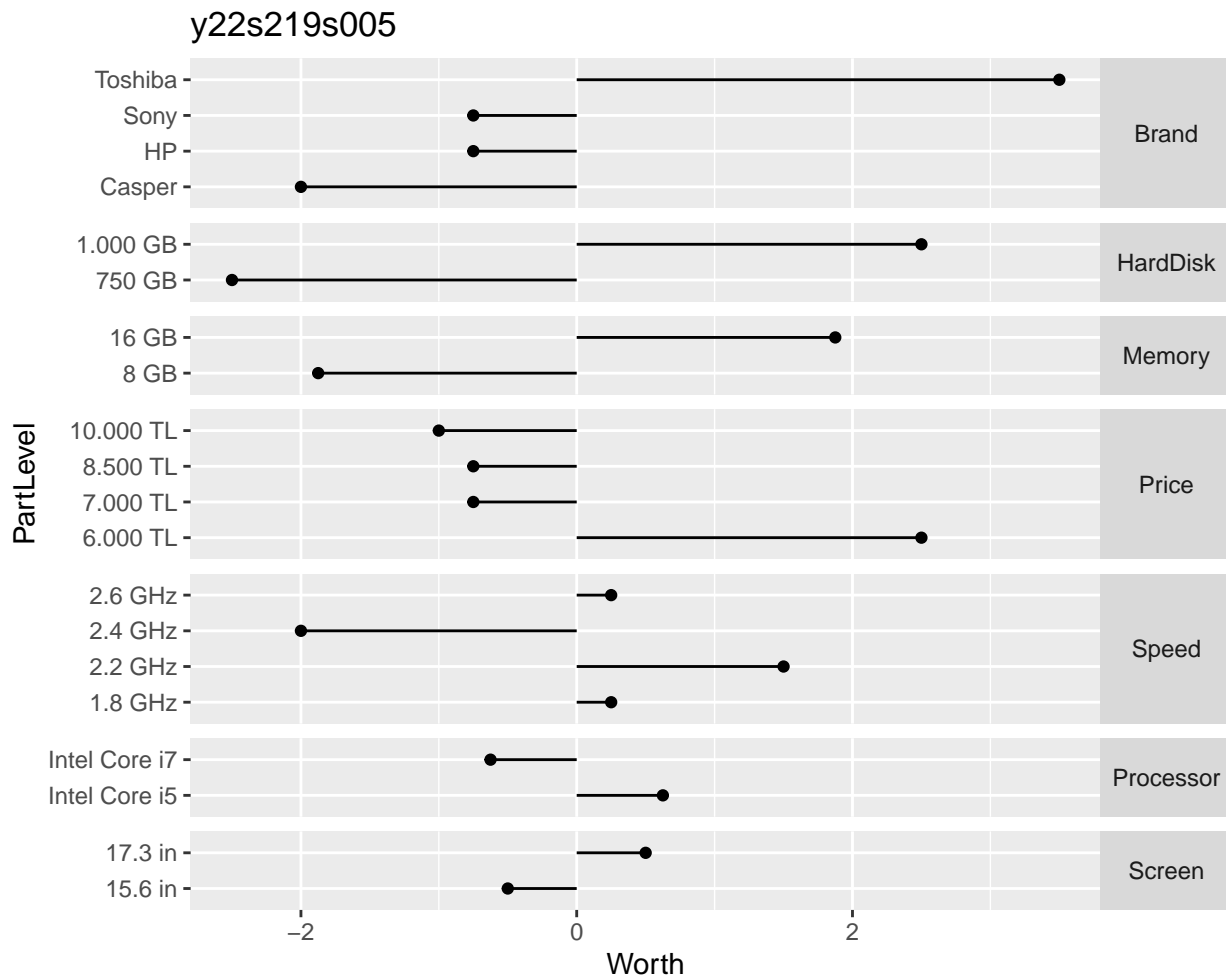












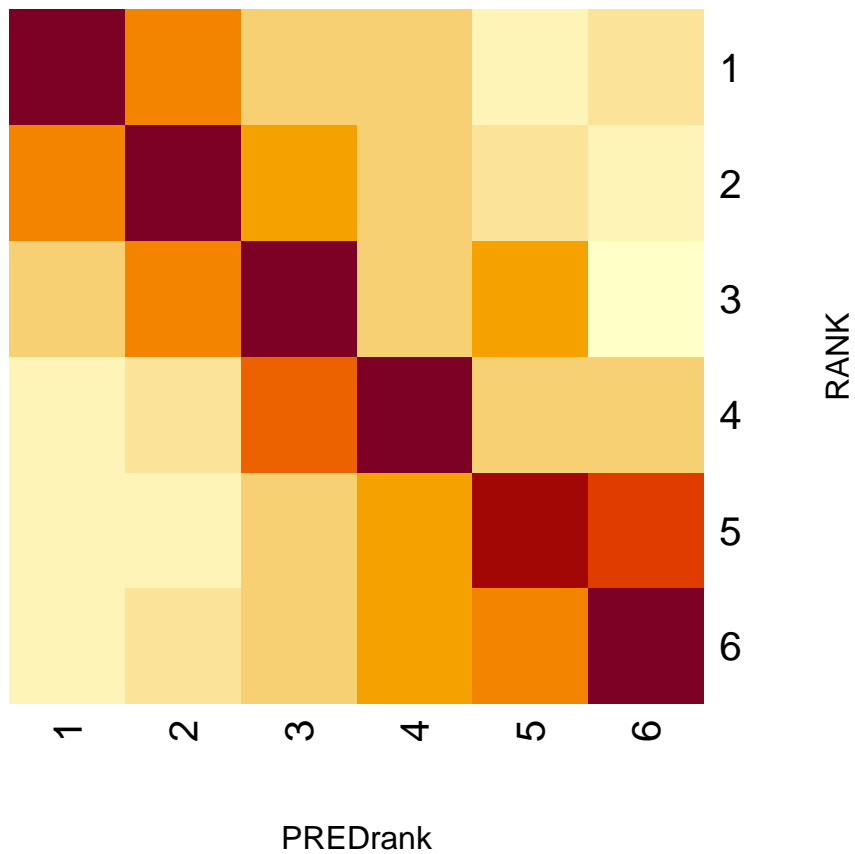
Validation of market model

```
confusion <- market_df %>%
  select(id, test_pred) %>%
  unnest(test_pred) %>%
  xtabs(~ RANK + PREDrank, .)
```

confusion

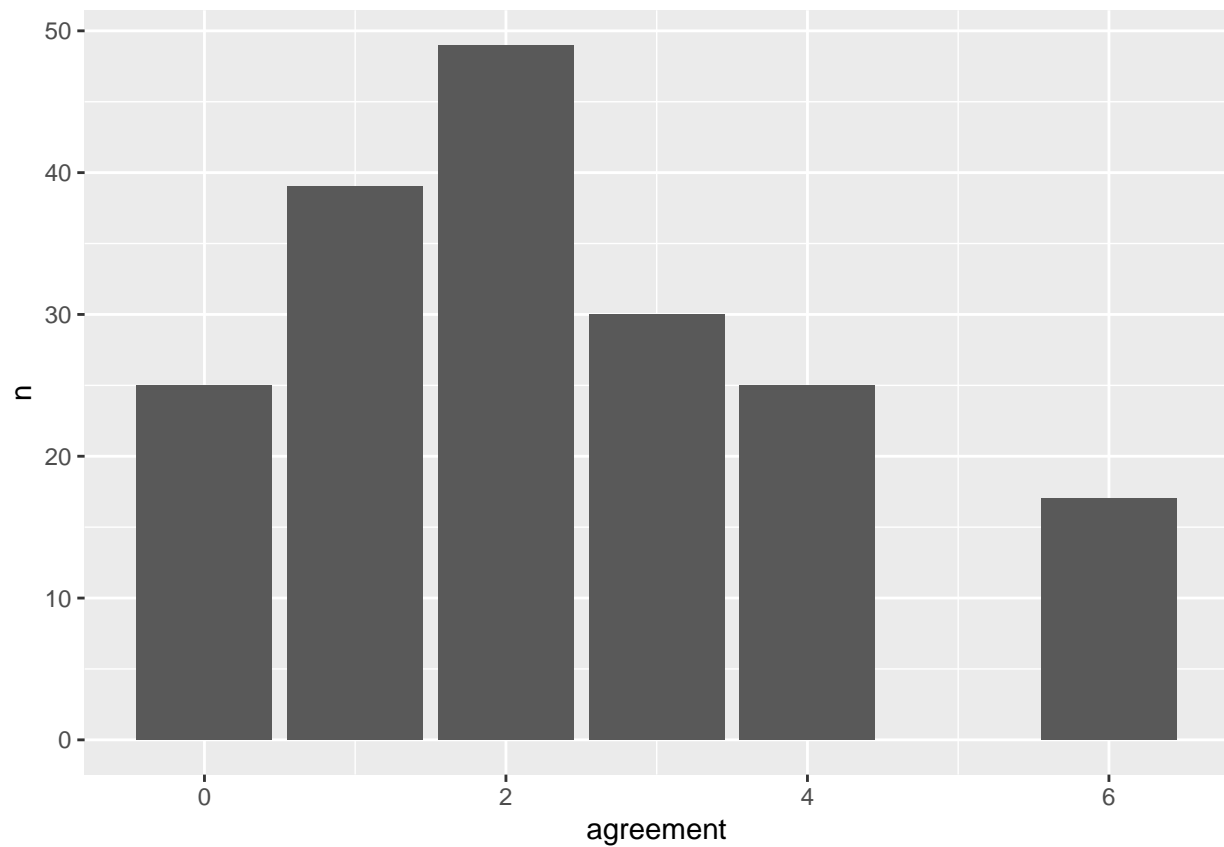
```
##      PREDrank
## RANK   1   2   3   4   5   6
##   1 100  43  16  16   2   8
##   2  38  68  32  22  16   9
##   3  24  38  57  24  32  10
##   4  13  18  43  59  26  26
##   5   4   6  18  32  69  56
##   6   6  12  19  32  40  76
```

```
confnames <- dimnames(confusion) %>% names()
heatmap(confusion, Rowv = NA, Colv = NA, revC = TRUE, xlab = confnames[2], ylab = confnames[1])
```



```
# confusion %>%
#   as_tibble() %>%
#   rename(Observed = RANK, Predicted = PRED) %>%
#   ggplot(aes(Predicted, Observed)) +
#   geom_tile(aes(fill=n)) +
#   scale_fill_gradient(low = "yellow", high = "red") +
#   coord_fixed()
```

```
market_df %>%
  select(id, test_pred) %>%
  unnest(test_pred) %>%
  group_by(id) %>%
  summarize(agreement = sum(RANK == PREDrank), .groups = "drop") %>%
  arrange(desc(agreement)) %>%
  count(agreement) %>%
  ggplot(aes(agreement, n)) +
  geom_col()
```

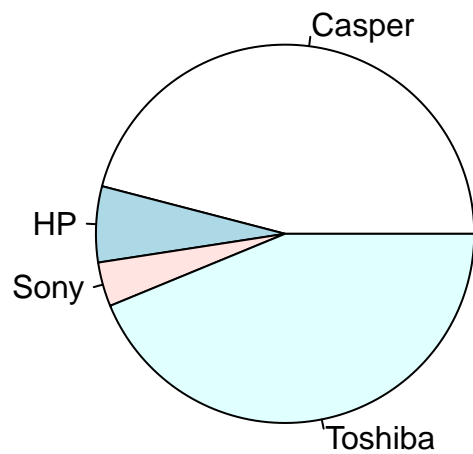


Market shares

```
mshares <- market_df %>%
  select(test_data) %>%
  unnest(test_data) %>%
  filter(RANK==1) %>%
  count(Brand) %>%
  column_to_rownames(var = "Brand") %>%
  as.matrix %>%
  drop() %>%
  prop.table() %>%
  `*`(100)

mshares %>%
  pie(main="Market shares")
```

Market shares



Substitution rates

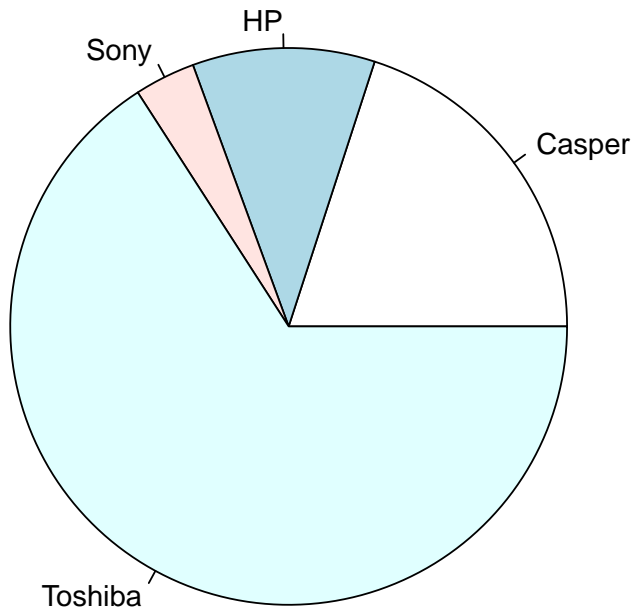
```
subst_df <- market_df %>%
  select(id, test_data) %>%
  unnest(test_data) %>%
  select(id, Brand, RANK) %>%
  filter(RANK<=2) %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from = "RANK", values_from = "Brand") %>%
  count(`1`, `2`) %>%
  rename(Brand = `1`, Substitute = `2`) %>%
  nest(Subs = -Brand)

oldpar <- par(mar = c(0,0,1,0))

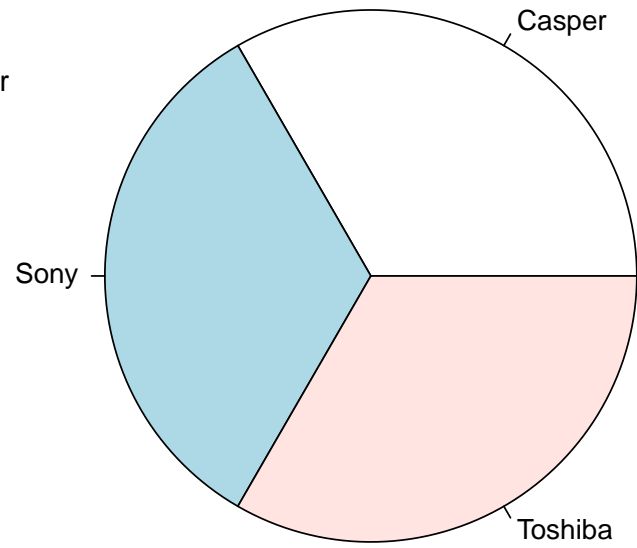
for (i in seq(nrow(subst_df))){
  subst_df$Subs[[i]] %>%
    column_to_rownames(var = "Substitute") %>%
    as.matrix %>%
    drop() %>%
    pie(main=paste("Substitutes of", subst_df$Brand[i] ))
}

par(mar = oldpar$mar)
```

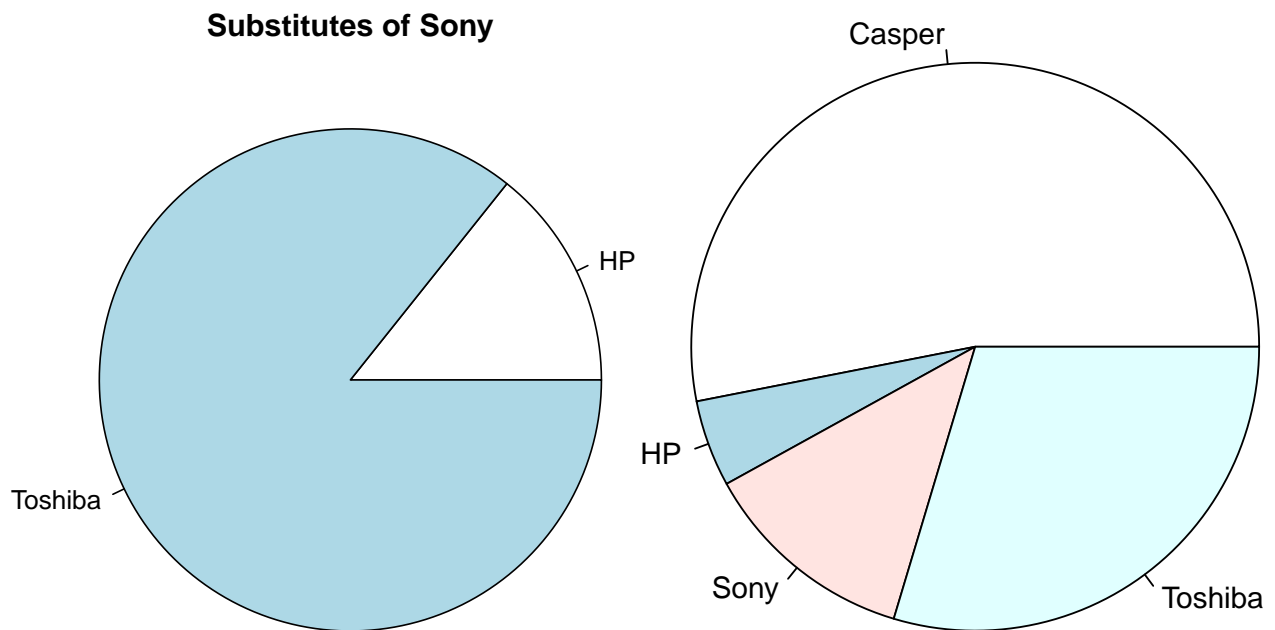
Substitutes of Casper



Substitutes of HP



Substitutes of Toshiba



Market simulation

All possible Casper configurations

```
config_df <- test_df %>%
  select(Processor, Speed, Memory, HardDisk, Screen, Price) %>%
  expand(Processor, Speed, Memory, HardDisk, Screen, Price) %>% # expand to all permutations of the val
  mutate(Brand = "Casper") %>% # our company is Casper
  relocate(Brand) %>%
```

```
anti_join(test_df, by = c("Brand", "Processor", "Speed", "Memory", "HardDisk", "Screen", "Price")) %>%
mutate(config = as.character(seq(n())) %>%
relocate(config)
```

Predicted rank utilities of all configurations

```
market_config_df <- market_df %>%
  mutate(config_pred = map2(model, id, ~{
    pred <- predict(.x, config_df) %>%
      `*`(-1)
    config_df %>%
      select(config) %>%
      mutate(PREDraw = pred)
  })) %>%
  select(id, test_pred, config_pred) %>%
  unnest(test_pred) %>%
  select(-RANK, -PREDrank) %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from = Alternative, values_from = "PREDraw") %>%
  unnest(config_pred) %>%
  rename(new = PREDraw)

market_config_df %>%
  head(10)
```

```
## # A tibble: 10 x 9
##   id      config  new  `1`  `2`  `3`  `4`  `5`  `6`
##   <chr>    <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 y14s208s001 1    15.5  12    8    7.5  11    6  12.5
## 2 y14s208s001 2    10.5  12    8    7.5  11    6  12.5
## 3 y14s208s001 3    11.5  12    8    7.5  11    6  12.5
## 4 y14s208s001 4    11.5  12    8    7.5  11    6  12.5
## 5 y14s208s001 5    16.5  12    8    7.5  11    6  12.5
## 6 y14s208s001 6    11.5  12    8    7.5  11    6  12.5
## 7 y14s208s001 7    12.5  12    8    7.5  11    6  12.5
## 8 y14s208s001 8    12.5  12    8    7.5  11    6  12.5
## 9 y14s208s001 9    16.5  12    8    7.5  11    6  12.5
## 10 y14s208s001 10   11.5  12    8    7.5  11    6  12.5
```

New markets obtained by adding each config to the existing hepsiburada market

```
new_markets_df <- market_config_df %>%
  pivot_longer(cols = c(-id, -config), names_to = "Alternative", values_to = "PREDraw") %>%
  group_by(id, config) %>%
  mutate(PREDrank = rank(PREDraw, ties.method = "first")) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  left_join(mutate_all(select(test_hande_df, Alternative, Brand), as.character), by = "Alternative") %>%
  replace_na(list(Brand = "Casper")) %>%
  nest(new_market = -config)

new_markets_df %>%
  head(10)
```

```
## # A tibble: 10 x 2
##   config new_market
##   <chr>   <list>
## 1 1      <tibble [1,295 x 5]>
```



```
## 2 2      <tibble [1,295 x 5]>
## 3 3      <tibble [1,295 x 5]>
## 4 4      <tibble [1,295 x 5]>
## 5 5      <tibble [1,295 x 5]>
## 6 6      <tibble [1,295 x 5]>
## 7 7      <tibble [1,295 x 5]>
## 8 8      <tibble [1,295 x 5]>
## 9 9      <tibble [1,295 x 5]>
## 10 10     <tibble [1,295 x 5]>
```

```
new_markets_df$new_market[[1]] %>%
  filter(PREDrank == 1) %>%
  count(Brand) %>%
  mutate(Perc = 100*n/sum(n))
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 3
##   Brand      n Perc
##   <chr>   <int> <dbl>
## 1 Casper    81 43.8
## 2 HP        11  5.95
## 3 Sony      22 11.9
## 4 Toshiba   71 38.4
```

Market shares after each new configuration is introduced to the existing hepsiburada market

```
new_markets_stat_df <- new_markets_df %>%
  mutate(market_shares = map(new_market, ~{
    .x %>%
      filter(PREDrank == 1) %>%
      count(Brand) %>%
      mutate(Perc = 100*n/sum(n))
  }),
  Casper_mshare = map_dbl(market_shares, ~{.x %>% filter(Brand == "Casper") %>% pull("Perc")})) %>%
  left_join(config_df, by = "config") %>%
  mutate_at(vars(Memory, Price), ~{parse_number(as.character(.), locale = locale(grouping_mark = "."))})
  arrange(desc(Casper_mshare), Price)

new_markets_stat_df %>%
  select(-new_market, -market_shares) %>%
  filter(Casper_mshare >= mshares["Casper"])
```

```
## # A tibble: 78 x 9
##   config Casper_mshare Brand Processor      Speed Memory HardDisk Screen Price
##   <chr>         <dbl> <chr>   <fct>         <fct>   <dbl> <fct>   <fct>   <dbl>
## 1 228           59.5 Casper Intel Core i7 2.6 G~    16 1.000 GB 17.3 ~ 6000
## 2 224           58.4 Casper Intel Core i7 2.6 G~    16 1.000 GB 15.6 ~ 6000
## 3 230           57.8 Casper Intel Core i7 2.6 G~    16 1.000 GB 17.3 ~ 8500
## 4 232           57.3 Casper Intel Core i7 2.6 G~    16 750 GB  15.6 ~ 6000
## 5 225           57.3 Casper Intel Core i7 2.6 G~    16 1.000 GB 15.6 ~ 7000
## 6 229           57.3 Casper Intel Core i7 2.6 G~    16 1.000 GB 17.3 ~ 7000
## 7 236           56.2 Casper Intel Core i7 2.6 G~    16 750 GB  17.3 ~ 6000
## 8 226           56.2 Casper Intel Core i7 2.6 G~    16 1.000 GB 15.6 ~ 8500
## 9 237           55.1 Casper Intel Core i7 2.6 G~    16 750 GB  17.3 ~ 7000
## 10 238          55.1 Casper Intel Core i7 2.6 G~    16 750 GB  17.3 ~ 8500
## # ... with 68 more rows
```

```

new_markets_stat_df %>%
  filter(Casper_mshare >= mshares["Casper"]) %>%
  select(-new_market, -market_shares) %>%
  ggplot(aes(Price, Casper_mshare)) +
  geom_hline(yintercept = mshares["Casper"], size=2, col = "yellow") +
  geom_jitter(aes(col = Screen), width=200, height=0, alpha = 0.8, size=3) +
  scale_x_continuous(labels = scales::comma) +
  labs(title = paste("Current Casper market share is", round(mshares["Casper"]), "% (yellow horizontal line)",
    y = "Predicted Casper market share (%)" ) +
  facet_grid(Memory~HardDisk, as.table = FALSE, labeller = label_both) +
  theme(strip.text.y = element_text(angle=0))

```

