

CS342 Operating Systems – Fall 2018

Homework 1

Assigned: Sep 27, 2018
Due date: Oct 05, 2018, 23:55

Submit through Moodle. Make sure you start submitting one day before the deadline. You can overwrite your submission as many times as you wish. Late submissions will **not be accepted** (no excuse – no email will be accepted).

1) Install the following Linux distribution and release on your own computer: **Ubuntu Desktop 64-bit 16.04.X LTS**. X can be any number. It is essential that you install this distribution and release so that you will not have problems like “was working on my machine”.

You can install Linux on bare hardware, i.e., on a partition of your hard-disk. In this case, make sure you first **backup** all your important data so that you do not lose your data in case your computer does not boot up after installation.

You can also install Linux in a virtual machine created in your computer. For this, you first need to install a virtualization software, VMware or VirtualBox (or some other virtualization software), on your computer. VirtualBox is free to use. VMware player is also free to use. If you have, you can also use VMware Fusion (for OS X) or VMware workstation.

You can help each other in installing Linux.

Write briefly about your installation choices and experience in your report.

After installing Linux, start Linux and learn basic Linux usage. There are lots of guides and tutorials in Internet teaching basic Linux usage. You can benefit from them. In your report, write down the names of 10 Linux commands that you learned.

2) Find out and write down the location (directory) where installed *Linux kernel executable* resides in the local default directory tree (starting with “/”) of your Linux installation. Find out the version of your running kernel by using the “uname -r” command. Write the version number in your report.

3) Download the source code of the Linux kernel (from kernel.org, for example). Download the version that is close to the version of your running kernel. You can learn the version of your running kernel by typing “uname -r”. After opening the tar package, change into the root directory of the downloaded kernel source code tree (it is in your home directory where you downloaded), and in your report write the names of the subdirectories you see there.

4) Use the *strace* command of Linux to trace the systems calls made by some simple programs like “cp”, “ls”, etc. Use the manual page of *strace* to learn more about it (type “man strace”). Include sample output in your report. The “man” command provides help pages about Linux commands, system calls and C library functions.

5) Learn C Programming [1][2]. Write a simple C program to compare the cost (in terms of elapsed time) of different system calls with different parameter values.

Different system calls can be: getpid(), read(), write(), open(), mkdir(), etc. Different parameter values, for example for the read() system call, can be: read 100 bytes, 1000 bytes, 10000 bytes, or 100000 bytes into a buffer of enough size. You can call the program as cost.c. To measure the cost in terms of time, you can use the gettimeofday() system call of Linux. It can return the real time in microseconds granularity.

Write a simple Makefile to compile your program. A Makefile is a set of directives and commands specified in a file to compile a project. The following can be a starting point for your Makefile content. Be careful about TAB characters.

```
all: cost
cost: cost.c
    cc -Wall -g -o cost cost.c
```

This is useful for you to warm up with C. Make sure you do it alone. Otherwise it will be very difficult to do the projects. You will develop your code in C and Linux. You can use the gcc compiler.

Include the source code of your program. Do a lot of timing experiments and report the results as nice as possible. Measure the mean and standard deviation of time spent to run a system routine.

6) Read the first three chapters of the textbook.

Submission: Submit a pdf file as your report which will include the information required in each question above. Submit also your cost.c file and your Makefile. Put these files into a directory named with your Student Id, and tar and gzip the directory. For example a student with ID 21404312 will create a directory named “21404312” and will put the files there. Then he will tar the directory (package the directory) as follows:

```
tar cvf 21404312.tar 21404312
```

Then he will gzip the tar file as follows:

```
gzip 21404312.tar
```

In this way he will obtain a file called 21404312.tar.gz. Then he will upload this file in Moodle.

Late submission will not be accepted (no exception). A late submission will get 0 automatically (you will not be able to argue it). *Make sure you make a submission one day before the deadline. You can then overwrite it.*

References:

[1]. The C Programming Language. B. Kernighan and D. Ritchie. Second Edition. Prentice Hall. 1998. *A must have book; very useful.*

[2]. Any Book on C, available in Meteksan Bookstore.

Tips and Clarifications:

--- Make sure you learn a debugger like gdb, xgdb, or the debugger of the IDE (integrated development environment) that you are using to develop programs (for example Eclipse IDE).

--- There are lot of documentation in Internet about how to develop, compile, run, and debug C programs in Linux OS. You can benefit from them.